

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries; as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XV.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1902.

NO. 31.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELSON, L.L., Mch. 31—Butter firm at 27c; forty-six tubs were offered and sold. Output for the week, 600,000 lbs. Butter last week, 27c; last year, 21½c.

C. O. Foltz, of Chicago, was calling on friends here Monday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Orrin Olcott, Sunday, March 30, a boy baby.

Miss Maude Turner was visiting in Chicago Monday and Tuesday.

Charley Ames, of Chicago, spent Sunday with Antioch relatives and friends.

Ira Boylan, of Chicago, was visiting his mother and calling on Antioch friends over Sunday.

Chas. Barber is now at home in his new optical office, which is nicely furnished and a very cozy room.

Charles Powles and family will next week move into the Warner house in the Johnson addition.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Blanchard left on the afternoon train Monday for their future home at Grayslake.

Rev. Harry F. Ward and wife, of Chicago, are spending a short vacation at the Williams camp at Grass Lake.

Miss Lottie Haycock, who has been attending the Dixon Business college the past winter, returned home this week.

Wanted—A housekeeper by a man and his mother; lady with child preferred. Call on or address Chas. Turner, Antioch.

At the township election held on Tuesday there was a very light vote cast there being no opposition. There were only 44 votes cast.

The entire debt on the Presbyterian church at Waukegan was lifted Sunday. Mrs. McAllister, a sister of Mrs. M. Thayer, of this city, contributing \$1800 to the fund.

Mrs. Eva L. C. Harrison returned Wednesday morning to Waukegan after visiting with relatives in this city, and reports her husband stationed at Hinthrop Harbor as night telegraph operator.

For Sale or Rent—The Will Herman house, with barn, containing 3½ acres of land, situated on north Main street in Antioch. Inquire of Robert Selzer, Grass Lake, Ill.

I am now prepared, with all the modern appliances, a new office and a dark room, to test and properly fit glasses to all cases of eye trouble. Eyes examined free. Call and see me at my new office. Chas. Barber, Doctor of Optics, Antioch.

Mrs. Wilson Woodward and daughter, who have been enjoying a three weeks visit here, with friends and relatives, returned to their home at Tunnel City, Wis., Tuesday morning. Mrs. Woodward, whose health has been poor for some time, is much improved.

On Sunday, March 30, occurred the 10th wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Will Scherf, and a few of their relatives and friends gathered at their home to celebrate the event. Those from out of town were: Mr. and Mrs. Will Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Ray, and Mr. and Mrs. Patrick, all of Trevor.

Beginning next Sunday evening there will be a course of four sermons on "The Man" at the Methodist church. April 6, "The Honest Man"; April 13, "The Contented Man"; April 20, "The Religious Man"; April 27, "The Divine Man." All are invited to these services.

The many Antioch friends of C. O. Foltz will be pleased to learn that he has recently sold the right to manufacture the Foltz Patent Lantern Globe for \$1000 cash in hand and a royalty of \$2500 per year for seventeen years. Mr. Foltz leaves Chicago Sunday to superintend a mine in Colorado at a good salary.

On Thursday of last week R. C. Higgins, manager of the Barker Lumber company of this city, went to Chicago where he on Saturday had an operation performed for appendicitis at the German American hospital. Late advice from there is to the effect that the operation was in every way successful and that he is getting along as well as can be expected.

The Easter services at the M. E. church last Sunday were something out of the ordinary, they being in charge of the Sunday school. The church was beautifully trimmed with potted plants with a large white cross in the center. The different classes of children in songs and recitations reflected credit on those who had them in charge, and the choir, composed of young ladies and gentlemen, rendered excellent music and should be retained as a permanent choir.

Deputy Treasurer Fred Ames, of Waukegan, spent Easter Sunday with his parents and other friends.

Prof. and Mrs. F. N. Gaggin, of Gurnee, were welcomed visitors at the home of relatives in Antioch over Sunday.

Before investing in life insurance, call on W. T. Hill, agent for the New York Life Insurance company.

Mrs. Dr. Venn and son Carl, are out at their summer home on the island superintending the erection of a new barn.

For Sale or Rent—An eight room house with barn in village of Antioch. Inquire of Mary G. Jamieson, Antioch, Ill. 31w2

For Sale—One extra choice pure bred Poland China young boar. Price 6 cents per pound. H. N. Maxham, Diamond Lake, Ill.

Mrs. Hartenbower, of Tonica, Ill., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. H. Dales, returned to her home last week. Mrs. Dales accompanied her and will visit her parents for a week or two.

The services at the Christian church next Sunday are as follows: Morning service at 10:30; Sunday school following morning service; Junior Christian Endeavor 3:30 p. m., subject, Bible commandments about our daily life; Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m., subject, Growing in grace. Preaching service 7:30, E. M. Britton to fill pulpit.

The Republican County Convention has been called to meet at Libertyville at Saturday, April 26, to select delegates to the Senatorial convention to be held at McHenry, April 28, and also for the purpose of selecting delegates to the state convention to be held at Springfield, May 8, and also for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Congressional convention of the Tenth Congressional district, yet to be called.

Antioch Village Caucuses

The village caucus held at the village hall Saturday evening drew out a large crowd and each and every nomination was contested to the last. The caucus was called to order by Frank Pittman, Jr., and J. J. Burke was made chairman, and C. M. Confer clerk. Before proceeding with the regular order of business J. C. James, Sr., secured the floor and in a well worded and forceful manner urged upon the caucus to nominate men for the village board who were in favor of doing something to protect our village from fire, and a resolution to that effect was unanimously passed. The following were placed in nomination: W. S. Rinear, President; J. M. Webster, Chas. Thorn, W. R. Williams and E. L. Simons, for Trustees; J. C. James, Jr., Clerk; E. B. Williams, Treasurer; J. C. James, Sr., Police Magistrate. The committee for the ensuing year were appointed as follows: C. M. Confer, George Webb and J. C. James, Jr.

A Pleasant Surprise.

Saturday evening, March 29, a number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. George Blanchard met at their residence where a surprise was given in honor of Mr. Blanchard. At about 8:30 the guests began to assemble, and by the time Mr. B. made his appearance—being in attendance at the caucus meeting—a jolly crowd were enjoying progressive cinch, five tables being played. Mr. Blanchard, who was somewhat interested over the excitement of caucus nominations at the town hall, was persuaded to return home a little earlier perhaps; than was his intention, and upon his arrival there said: "I see, this is why you were so anxious for me to hurry home." Cinch was then played in earnest until about 11:30 when a splendid lunch was served. Expressing a feeling of sorrow to have Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard leave the village, but wishing them prosperity in the future home, the guests pronounced the occasion a very enjoyable one and bade them good night and good bye. About twenty-five were present.

Teachers Reading Circle.

The Teachers' Reading Circle will hold its next meeting at the school house in Antioch, Saturday afternoon, April 12, 1902. PROGRAM—PROSE FORMS IN LITERATURE: Macaulay's—The Battle of the Boyne. Mr. Younkkin. Dana's—Bad Prospects. Miss Cannon. Stevenson's—A Camp in the Dark. Mrs. Sherwood. Jewett's—Fame Little Day. C. M. Manley. METHODS IN EDUCATION. English Grammar. Miss Butler. Number Arithmetic. Miss Vassler. Language Training. Miss Richards.

Mining States Lack Representation. Colorado, Nevada and California have no representation on the committee on mines and mining in the present House of Representatives. Territorial Delegate Smith of Arizona is a member of the committee.

World's Largest Needle Factory. The largest needle manufacturing in the world is at Redditch, Worcestershire, England. Over seventy million needles are made weekly.

OUR MINING BOYS

HEARD FROM ON ARRIVAL AT DESTINATION

An Interesting Letter Descriptive of the Scenery and Towns on the Way to Ashcroft.

ASHCROFT, B. C., March 25, 1892.

To the editor and friends:

After leaving home and changing cars at Waukegan we then passed on to St. Paul where we arrived early Thursday morning. Some little time was spent there buying our sleeping car tickets and looking for Mr. Boise, who is to be one of our bosses. At about 9:10 a. m. our train started off with us to the Canadian line giving us another chance to handle our baggage at Port, in Canada. At this point our baggage was put in bond not to be opened again until we arrived at Ashcroft, where it was to be inspected by a revenue officer.

While at Port, an inspector, a doctor and a census taker enter our car finding out just what we had, whether we had been vaccinated and who we were, our nationality, our business, and what we were going to do in Canada. After leaving Port we were not troubled again until we got to Ashcroft.

Thursday morning having changed cars for the last time in St. Paul we passed on leaving one of the greatest flouring cities only to enter Minneapolis, the greatest flouring center in the world. On leaving this place we then passed through some of the prairie farming country of Minnesota covered with prairie hay. Passing on and on over the country, gazing out of the car window and looking out as far as the eye could see was to be seen nothing but a rolling prairie for miles around dotted now and then by little tufts, shacks or tents in the distance. These rude dwellings are occupied by ranchers herding cattle and whose ranches are separated only by a furrow of ground plowed over. No fences were to be seen, except the railroad fence near the track; no hills were in sight so level was the land. Now and then there were to be seen a flock of prairie chickens or a coyote and sometimes four or five in a bunch sneaking away as if guilty of some mean act.

While passing on we leave the United States and enter Canada, finding the same conditions existing here as at home, except that every town, great and small, have the latest improvements such as water works, electric lights, goods roads and furthermore they have good school buildings, where are employed from four to ten teachers. Especially is this so at Moose Jaw, the finest large town after leaving St. Paul. The town of Moose Jaw is a division point on the C. P. R., the terminus of the Soo line, and the railway terminus of the branch line to Prince Albert. This station is the finest between Montreal and Vancouver. Its population is about 2000 and is growing rapidly. Around this place there is not to be found any better farming land in the west.

From Moose Jaw on to Calgary the lay of the land is somewhat changed—from a rolling prairie to one of hills. The land between these two points seems to be barren and checked up as if struck by an earthquake. The soil is dark, of heavy clay, having a stone and alkali mixture.

Arriving at Calgary early Saturday morning we were confronted by a very beautiful town, having all the latest improvements of the east. In the distance, west from the city, could be seen towering up in the clouds great mountain peaks, covered with snow. While passing westward we are not only confronted by the mountains but are put in the midst of them. Slowly and carefully the train is led through the narrow valleys of the Rockies, first near the mountain side then again it passes over canyons, only to be swallowed in a tunnel. More than once has this happened while in the mountains. The scenery through the Rockies is something grand, only pictured to the naked eye by exact pictures and not with pen or words. To go into detail would be tiresome to the reader, but just imagine yourself in a valley looking thousands of feet upward expecting to see the top of a mountain only to be shut off by a cloud overhead. As a person looks at these great elevations and see the great quantity of stone in them he sometimes wonders how evergreen trees and shrubbery can grow and get their nourishment from the rocks. You can't help but note such changes as you move through the mountains; for the train goes slowly giving you a good opportunity to see the sights.

At one place along the road could be seen a perpendicular rock having the shape of cells in a honey comb. Again as you gaze in the distance you are able to see two kinds of mountain tops lying side by side, one covered with snow while the other with green vegetation. Such are some of the peculiarities of the Rocky Mountains.

Passing on we come to a place called Glacier House, whose altitude is 4122 feet. Following the sky-line of Mt. Abbott, which appears behind the hotel like a forest wall, the eye rests on another lofty glacier with many peaks showing up through the

snow. Continuing the descent from the Glacier House and following around the mountains, the loop is soon reached, where the lines make several startling turns and twists, first crossing a valley leading down from the Mt. Bonney glacier, touching for a moment on the base of Ross Peak, then doubling back to the right a mile or more upon itself to within a stone's toss, then sweeping around again to the right touching Mt. Congar on the other side of the Illecillewaet, crossing again to the left, and at last shooting down the valley parallel with its former course. Looking back the railroad is seen cutting two long gashes, one above the other, on the mountain slope. At this place night overtook us and when we awoke we were at Ashcroft, our getting off place.

From Sunday morning until today we have been climbing mountains observing all the best scenery around. Ashcroft is a place whose altitude is 1075 feet, but when you get up on one of its mountains you are then about 4000 feet high. It may be surprising to you to know that cattle fare better on these mountains, living on wild sage and wormwood, than our own cattle do that are fed on corn and hay. The temperature is also astonishing, to one who came out of a country where it is cold to a place where it is from 54 to 65 degrees in the shade. At this place the people have their gardens made already to be irrigated, for this is what they have to do in order to raise potatoes, which is their most important garden vegetable. The town is inhabited by Chinese, Indians, half-breeds and Americans, but mostly of the latter class. The people work mostly as miners and ranchers. Nothing much is done by any of them for it seems as if they cared more for sport than work.

Closing for this time we remain,

Yours as before,
J. E. DIDAMA,
CHARLEY ALVENS,
GEORGE WALLIS,
WALTER A. TAYLOR.

Big Bar, via, Ashcroft, British Columbia.

Dam at McHenry.

Permission was given by Congress last Friday to the Fox River Navigable Water-Way Association to construct a dam across the river near the bridge at McHenry. Congress has not made an appropriation for the construction of this dam; but simply given permission for those interested to do so, but at the same time the promoters will be protected in their work by the government. It is to be hoped that all will look at this matter in the right light, comprehending the vast amount of benefit to be derived. It is understood that a dam will be built just high enough to make the river navigable for small steamers. This being the case very little if any land will be inundated. Of course if a solid obstruction were placed across the river a large amount of land would become flooded during the spring freshets. But it is likely that a dam will be built with sluice gates whereby the water could be kept at the same height the year around. No one can blame property owners along the river for objecting if they are laboring under the impression that valuable land will be lost. However, if the Association follows proper plans there will be no cause for alarm.

ANTIOCH SCHOOL REPORT

For the Month Ending Mar. 7, 1902.

	High School	Grammar School	Inf. School	Inf. School
No. days taught	20	20	20	20
No. days attendance	1262	1681	1681	1681
No. days absence	98	68	140	125
No. boys enrolled	16	28	25	19
No. girls enrolled	18	18	22	28
Average daily attendance	63.1	84	83.2	83.6
Cases of tardiness	06	04	16	06
Cases of truancy	0	0	0	0
Tuition pupils	8	0	1	0

No. days taught	20
Whole number days attendance	3068
Whole number enrollment	168
Average daily attendance	153.4
Cases of tardiness	30
Cases of truancy	0
Tuition pupils	06

C. M. MANLEY, Principal.

A New Galliarda Grandiflora.

There is now but little doubt the new compact form of the well known perennial, galliarda grandiflora, is an improvement over the old form and is likely to supersede it. Improvements often take abnormal forms and we are inclined to fall back on the older types, fearing to go to extremes; but in this new plant nothing of the old form is changed but the habit, which is noticeably neat, and the flowers more erect. A good future is surely in store for it. The constant summer-blooming character insures the galliardas popularity and the compact form makes it available for almost any purpose and especially for bordering. Sellars' Monthly for February.

Japanese Carvings. Lovers of Japanese carvings are finding it increasingly difficult to obtain the choicest specimens in New York. Connoisseurs say that the Japanese at home, now grown more prosperous, have set up a demand for these carvings for themselves, both on patriotic and artistic considerations.

JUDICIAL INDIGNATION.

A Judge's Verdict on the Conduct of Two Ungrateful Young Men.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Iglehart was in Philadelphia a few days ago on business connected with his department, and met a friend who offered him some whisky of an untold age and most nectarian flavor. Now Col. Iglehart is a member of the South River Club, and it goes without saying that he is a judge of a few things besides the best way to clean streets. His description of that whisky is something to give the strongest blue-ribboner a pang of regret. He will not tell the name of the brand or where it is to be gotten, for he says if he did a large part of male Baltimore would move bodily to Philadelphia.

But Col. Iglehart's friend told him a little story in connection with that whisky. It seems that there is a club where it can be secured—or could be, for it got so scarce. One day two young men entered and called for this brand. Each poured out a drink and each—horror of horrors!—poured water into it and tossed it off. The barkeeper fell up against the wall and then quit work for the day. The board of governors held a meeting and suspended the two young men for a year. Some time later this same friend of Col. Iglehart who tells the story fell in with Judge R., one of the eminent jurists of Philadelphia, at that time holding a place on the bench. He offered the judge some of the famous whisky and told him the story of the two young men who had watered it. The judge closed his eyes and allowed his head to fall back, while he enjoyed the entrancing liquid.

"Suspended them for a year?" he said at last. "Only that? I'd have hanged the rascals if I'd had anything to do with it!"—Baltimore Sun.

Suicide of E. E. Scoville.

Word was received here Thursday last week that E. E. Scoville, of Hickory, had committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.

The facts in the case are: After returning to his home from Antioch, where he had been with his wife that day, he complained of not feeling well and was requested to lay down and rest awhile, which he did. On arising he went out to the barn and in a fit of temporary insanity committed the rash deed which ended his life. The ball passed almost straight through the temples. The weapon used was a .32 calibre revolver.

Mr. Scoville was about 42 years old and was highly respected by all who knew him. He was a member of the Woodman Camp of Russell, in which order he was insured for \$3,000, also a member of the Odd Fellows of Antioch.

He leaves a wife and four boys, and numerous relatives and friends who mourn his loss.

The funeral services were in charge of the Woodmen. The Odd Fellows of Antioch turned out in a body and acted as pall bearers to departed brother.

A large concourse of sorrowing friends attended the last sad rites of the deceased, whose remains were laid to rest in the Hickory cemetery. The floral offerings were beautiful.

Price List of Reliable Goods to be found at A. W. Innes' Cash Dry Goods Store, Waukegan, Ill.

Ladies' black wool Dress Skirts, satin trimmed	\$2.98
Ladies' close fitting or Gibson Blouse Jackets	4.95
Ladies' flannelette or percale wrap'rs	.75
Excellent black satinette petticoats	1.48
Apron Gingham, per yard	.04
Light Calicoes, per yard	.05
Men's fleeced shirts and draws, each	.29
Men's black and white stripe Work Shirts, double backs	.49
Ladies' and Misses high neck and long sleeve vests, ankle or knee length pants	.25
During the month of April this price list and 75 cents entitles the holder to their choice of \$1.00 wash Shirts Waists, sizes 32 to 44	
22 inch, all wool, black, shrunk, Cheviot	.69
36-inch, fancy jacquard wool Dress Goods, per yard	.29
46-inch, all-wool, tailor made suitings, per yard	.55
12½c quality fancy Dress Gingham, per yard	.10
Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long—new 1902 patterns, per pair	.98

Diversities in truth are not diversities.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats	40c
Corn—70 lbs. ear	.52
Hay	\$6.00 to \$10.00
MILL FEED.	
Barley	\$17.00
Middlings	19.00
Gluten	20.00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.	1.65
Chicken Feed Wheat	1.20
POULTRY.	
Hogs—Live weight	\$5.75
Hogs—Dressed	7.00
TURKEYS.	
Ducks	8c
Geese	6c
Chickens—Live weight	9c

REBEKAH LODGE.

RECEPTION GIVEN AT THE WOODMAN HALL.

About One Hundred and Twenty-five in Attendance—A Good Program Rendered.

On Friday evening, March 28th, 1902, the Rebekah Social Club gave a reception to their friends at Woodman hall. The evening was passed in social intercourse and a fine program consisting of recitations, songs, tableaux, instrumental music and gramophone selections was rendered, as follows:

Grand Opening	Gramophone America
	Congregation Invocation—Lord's Prayer
	Instrumental—Mrs. Shugart
	Recitation—"The New Church Organ"—Mrs. George Sutton
	The Orphans Song—Rebekah Quartette
	Prize Essay—"Home," Miss Libbie Webb
	Song—"Mr. C. E. Blunt," Mrs. John VanPatten
	Recitation—"Old Folks Home," Rebekah Quartette
	Gramophone Selection
	Tableau—A Group of Rebekahs
	Tableau—"The Two Flower (Flour) Girls"
	Gramophone Selection
	Tableau—Night and Morning
	Tableau—Woman's Rights
	Gramophone Selection
	Tableau—Rock of Ages
	Tableau—Dear Grandma

The Recitation by Mrs. George Sutton was a decided hit, also the solo, "How the Deacon's Feet Went Astray," by Mr. C. E. Blunt. The recitation by Mrs. John VanPatten was well rendered, and the prize essay, by Miss Libbie Webb, very good. The instrumental and vocal music was good and those taking part acquitted themselves with credit to all. While all the tableaux were well presented, special mention should be made of the tableau, Rock of Ages, represented by Mrs. John Engman, which was very beautiful. The tableau, Dear Old Grandma, represented by Mrs. C. B. Harrison and little Reba Burnett was a very nice feature of the program. The gramophone selections by Mr. Haynes were fine and enjoyed by all. At the close of the entertainment L. M. Hughes made his appearance and asked Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard to please step forward, when Mr. Hughes, in a brief and appropriate speech, presented them with a beautiful gold emblem of the orders they represent—one a neat Rebekah badge and the other a nice I. O. O. F. watch charm. So completely overcome were the recipients that they could hardly express their feeling of gratitude. Mr. B. however, recovered himself, and in response thanked the members for their kind remembrances. Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard have moved to Grayslake, and while we miss them from our midst, we wish them success in their new home.

The refreshment tables fairly groaned under the weight of good things to eat, and were most artistically arranged, about 125 enjoying the supper. The waiters and cooks were composed of Odd Fellows, who were arrayed in white jackets and aprons. They performed their duties very satisfactorily.

Credit is due the various committees for the manner in which each performed the duty assigned them, thus making the reception a decided success.

To all who so kindly assisted in making the occasion a pleasant as well as a successful one, the Rebekah Social Club wish to return thanks. We understand a number of applications were received for membership in the Rebekah order.

The Lakeside Rebekah Lodge was organized in Antioch, January 10, 1902, and has a membership of about 40. May this infant order live long and prosper, and spread its fraternal wings of "Friendship, Love and Truth" over the poor and needy. The place of meeting for the next social will be announced next week.

Possibly Green or White. A Kansas City man's full dress suit was stolen one night recently and the detective who was sent to investigate the case asked, "What color was it?"

Announcement. I announce myself as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly, subject to the will of the Republican electors of the Eighth Senatorial District and solicit the support of all my friends.

GEORGE R. LYON.

Waukegan, Feb. 17, 1902.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer of Lake county, subject to the will of the Republican County Convention, and solicit the support of my friends.

L. O. PHOENIX.

Waukegan, Feb. 20, 1902.

A New Lot Received.

Ordway Plasters have come to stick—they will surely cure you if you stick to them.

Ordway Foot Plasters cure Scurvy, Weak and Painful Knees, Ankle Joints and Cold Feet.

Corn and Bunion Plasters, six for 10 cts. A Sure Cure. For sale by Mrs. J. B. Sisson, Willow Blk.

IRENE'S VOW

By CHARLOTTE M. BRAEME.

CHAPTER XVI.—(Continued.)
"Alone, and reading, Irene? Are you lonely, my darling?"

"No, I am never lonely," she replied, "unless I find myself in a crowd; with a book I have always a companion."
"Then I am never lonely," she replied, "unless I find myself in a crowd; with a book I have always a companion."

"He then named Lord and Lady Waldo Hurst, his next of kin; Lady Lyster, a wealthy widow; Miss Channing, an American heiress, and several others. But it was not until he mentioned, as one of his friends, Lord Gerant, that she manifested any interest."

"Then it seemed to her that her heart stood still and refused to beat; that great red light shone before her eyes, and a mist of sorrow and pain enfolded her; out of which she heard the slow tones of the duke's voice, uttered in these words:
"My most honored guest will be the great statesman, Lord Gerant. I am anxious to show him all honor, and you will help me, I am sure."

The voice that answered him was faint and low, and seemed to come from afar off.

"I will do my best, I'll promise, to meet your wishes in every way," it said.
"Lower sank the beautiful golden head; the rich draperies of muslin and lace rose and fell as though her heart were breaking; the beautiful face drooped more and more from his sight."

"That brings me," said the duke, "to the next name on my list. My old friend has a daughter who is one of the most beautiful women and the richest heiress in England—Lady Lira Gerant."

Had he noticed his wife more he would have seen her face grow deadly pale, and a great gasp come from her parted lips.

"Lady Lira married a man who will leave his mark on the age—Sir Hubert Estmere, of the Mere."

It had come at this name, which was to her like the knell of doom. For a few minutes she thought she must fall from the chair to the ground. The sound of the name so long and so dearly loved, so long unheeded, struck her with keen, passionate pain; a mist swam before her eyes, a sound of rushing waters filled her ears. With a violent, almost desperate, effort, she recovered herself; she stilled the trembling, she forced the color back to her face.

"You interest me greatly, I'll promise," she said.

"Do I? I am very glad. I feared from your silence that it was otherwise. I was telling you that my friend's daughter, Lady Lira Gerant, had married a rising statesman, Sir Hubert Estmere. I like him very much; we agree exactly in our notions of politics; I have asked him with his wife, Lady Estmere; and if, in all England, there is one woman with whom I would delight to see you on friendly terms, it is Lady Estmere. She is young like yourself, beautiful—not as you, but next to you—clever and good. I feel sure that you will love her, and it is the dearest wish of my heart that you should do so. Our families are and always have been so intimate that I shall hope to see you and Lady Estmere like sisters."

"Oh, heaven! would the voice never cease? Would the torture never stop? Would he never rise from that chair and leave her to the anguish of her own thoughts?"

"How long will they remain?" she asked.
"Lord Gerant for two weeks; the others longer, Irene!" he cried, catching a glimpse of her pale face. "Hence, you are not looking well. I am trying you." And she was only too pleased, after any fashion, to make her escape.

CHAPTER XVII.

On the evening when the party of guests were expected, the first who arrived were Lord and Lady Waldo Hurst and Miss Channing, the famous American heiress. They were formally presented to the young duchess.

Irene stood apart from her guests for a few minutes, looking at the smooth, sweet leaves, and thinking of the glittering islands where the palm trees grow. She heard a slight murmur, the rustle of silk; she heard her husband's voice in accents of warm welcome, and then—

"Oh, heaven, how was she to live? how was she to bear it? how ever turn her face to the light? how speak, how act or move? A low man came from her lips; she clinched her hands so tightly that the rings made great dents in her white skin."

"Oh, heaven!" she cried, "help me, or I shall die!"

For she heard his voice once again—the voice of the man she had so passionately loved; the voice that she had heard last, telling her, in what she believed to be her home, telling her she could never be, never had been his wife.

"Down the long vista of the drawing room she could see a little party coming toward them, led by the duke. Pride came to her aid. He had slighted her, he had not thought her good enough to bear his name, and now he found her sharing the most noble name in England."

"So she stood awaiting him, her rich, trailing draperies of cream and lace falling in statuesque folds; her face fair and proud as that of a stately queen; the light shining in her diamonds, until it seemed to draw all the brightness around her. The jeweled fan, made of the priceless plumage of some rare birds, touched her white breast, and no stir of the spotless feathers told of the beating heart within."

"The white hands did not tremble; the beautiful arms, bare to the shoulders and clasped by diamond bracelets, were still as though no heart-beat made her whole frame tremble. Calm, with serene, high-bred perfect grace, with fair proud beauty she awaited him."

"Step by step she heard him advance—every step it seemed to her treading on her heart. For the time she forgot all the world except him; everything else was lost. Step by step. Once he spoke; once he laughed, carelessly. At the sound of his voice she might have broken

on down; the sound of his laugh emboldened her. It was the same laugh that had driven her almost mad on the morning he had told her that she was not his wife. She could meet him now, for the memory of her wrongs burned her as with hot iron."

Nearer he still. Something comes between her and the brilliant light. Shadows seem to fall, and the duke is speaking. She does not raise her eyes, for she thinks to herself that it she looks up and sees him suddenly she will fall down dead. Those who are watching her intently think, despite her great beauty and exalted position, how shy she is; for the long lashes lay on the beautifully tinted cheeks. She is horribly conscious that he stands over her; and she knows also that a terrible calm has come over him, and that he is gazing in wonder on her.

Presently she realizes that her husband stands before her. She sees rich folds of white satin, and she knows that Lady Estmere—the woman who bears the name that ought to be hers—now stands there; the woman who unwittingly stole her love.

What was the duke saying?

"Ordinary forms of introduction are in this case useless. I want the daughter of the oldest friend I have in the world to love my wife, and I want my wife to love her."

Then the duchess looked up and saw before her a beautiful woman, whose frank eyes and sweet lips smiled almost tenderly at her. They looked at each other fixedly for an instant—these two women who had crossed each other's lives so strangely—and then two white hands met each other. The duchess made some kindly answer, and Lady Estmere said to herself that the difficulty would be not to love one so exquisitely loving and charming.

Another minute and the draperies of white satin had vanished. A gentleman with a star on his breast was bowing before her, and the duke, in a voice that she knew faltered with emotion, told her that this was Lord Gerant, his dearest friend. She must speak—that she knew—if she died for it. And then the earl made way for some one else. She would not raise her eyes, but she saw a dark, handsome head bending low before her; she knew—she knew!

A few words from the duke, and then the voice that had once made her life's music said, in a tone the significance of which she herself perfectly understood: "I cannot tell your grace how more than delighted I am."

Few words; but to her they meant so much. If she had looked at him she must have died. It seemed to her that a hand of ice clutched at her heart; that the blood froze in her veins; that she must fall flat with her face on the ground; that she could not help herself in the least; then the duke said:

"Irene, you look tired; let me give you a chair. Why are you standing?"

She was just conscious when she sat down that Lady Estmere was saying something to her. She closed her eyes for one instant, and then strength came back to her. It was a relief to her when the dinner bell rang. The duke offered his arm to Lady Estmere, and Lord Gerant took down the duchess. She recovered herself sufficiently to talk to the great statesman, and she delighted him by telling him how often she herself had longed to see him.

"I am sure," said Lord Gerant, "that we shall be great friends; and I think the duke has done the wisest action in his life in marrying again."

"I hope you will always think so," said the duchess, with one of her most charming smiles.

It was a long and splendid banquet, worthy of the grand banquet hall in which it was given, worthy of the host who gave it; and Sir Hubert, watching the duchess intently, wondered where Irene had acquired that calm, serene manner which caused her to be considered one of the best bred women of the day. One thing struck him—look at her as he would, he never found her eyes on him; she treated him as the greatest stranger. When the ladies rose to retire, as she passed him, quite by accident she dropped one of the lovely white violets from her bouquet. In an instant he had stooped to pick it up, and offered it to her with a low bow. She passed him with the most queenly indifference, and did not take the flower.

"My bouquet is falling to pieces," she said; "one flower more or less does not matter."

The next moment she was gone, and all the brightness of the room seemed to go out with her.

When he entered the drawing room he sat down by her side. The diamond cross on her white breast did not stir. He could not fatter himself that her heart beat one degree quicker for his coming.

"You have some fine engravings there, duchess," he said; "do you care about pictures and art?"

"That is a very comprehensive question," she said; "and pardon me, not very clearly put."

"Quite right," said Lord Gerant. "I thought the same thing when I heard it. Lady Estmere looked up a little anxiously; the strange inflection in the sweet voice of the duchess struck her.

"I am afraid they are not going to like each other," she thought, "and that would be a great pity. I must bring them together."

"I am very unfortunate," said Sir Hubert. "Let me frame my question differently. Do you like pictures, duchess?"

"I do more. I love and appreciate them," she replied.

"Now I must ask, do you love art?"

"Yes, of all kinds—music, painting, sculpture and everything else that comes under the meaning of the word 'art,'" she replied.

Then he was quite at a loss what to say; he who was ever so eloquent, so fluent in words, so plentiful in ideas; for she had never looked at him and had drawn herself quite away from him.

"His wife just then earned his deepest gratitude. She was very anxious that they should become friends; and she thought, to herself, that if she were to leave them together the charm and polish of Sir Hubert's manner must make

an impression on one so refined as the young duchess. She made the conversation general for a few minutes, then said carelessly:

"Papa, I should like to see the pictures in the white drawing room; the duke tells me there are several new ones since we were here last."

"Most of them were purchased in Rome," said the duchess. "Shall I go with you, Lady Estmere?"

It was the first time she had called the beautiful woman who had supplanted her by name, and her lips trembled over it.

"No," said Lady Estmere, laughingly, "the greatest favor you can do me is to talk to Sir Hubert and keep him in good order for me while I am away."

She did not raise her eyes; she made no answer; she heard the rustle of rich draperies, and then there floated to her a whisper of:

"Irene—Irene, have you no word for me?"

CHAPTER XVIII.

Not one line in that fair, proud face moved; not even a curve of the proud lips showed that she had heard him, or that the voice had any echo in her heart.

"Irene," he cried, and this time there was the ring of passion in his voice.

Still she leaned back in her chair with the same calm, serene, queenly indifference, holding the rich feathers of her fan against her white breast, proud that no feather fluttered or moved; proud that her jeweled hands did not tremble; proud that she should be an equal to the man who made her tremble or to move her.

"Irene!" he cried, "for heaven's sake, speak to me; you are driving me mad!"

Unutterable scorn and contempt deepened in those beautiful eyes.

"If you are speaking to me," she replied, "Sir Hubert Estmere, I am the Duchess of Bayard."

"Speak to me," he cried, "whoever you may be now. You have been Irene Darcy, and so can never be a stranger to me."

"There is no greater stranger to you than I am," she said.

He thought she was rising to go away, and with eager carelessness laid his hand on her arm as though to detain her. In one moment he saw his mistake; she had flung it from her as though it had been the poison sting of an adder. Her face grew deadly pale with anger; she trembled with indignation that he should dare to lay even one finger on her.

"I beg you to forgive me," he said, "I crave your pardon."

"Be careful that you do not repeat the offense," she said, imperiously.

"Irene," he repeated, "for heaven's sake do not drive me mad. I would not have presumed to touch you but that I was afraid you were going to leave me. Do you think I have no heart, no feeling?"

"Nothing could have been more proud, or still, or contemptuous than that beautiful face. She made no answer."

"Do you think," he cried, "that I can forget?"

Then she spoke.

"There can be nothing to remember, nothing to forget," she said calmly. "You are Sir Hubert Estmere of the Mere; I am the Duchess of Bayard. There can be nothing in common between us."

"You cannot forget; you must, you shall remember," he cried.

Then she opened her beautiful eyes quite wide and looked at him with supreme contempt.

"It would be well for you," she said, "if I could forget. I do not; I remember many things, and, above all, I remember my vow."

"Our vow! What vow?" he asked.

"My vow of vengeance," she said. "I made it, and I shall keep it—let it be a long time or a short time before the opportunity comes, I do not care—I shall keep it to the end."

"Your vow against me—of vengeance against me?" he said.

"Yes, my vow of vengeance against you," she repeated.

He drew back a little, as though he did not like the words.

"It is best as it is. I do not see any occasion for melodrama of any kind," he said. "You could not ask for a more brilliant lot in life than you have now; could you, in all fair dealing, Irene? I must speak frankly to you, and I pray you most humbly to listen. You see that our family and the house of Bayard are on the most friendly terms. I heard of the duke's marriage, but I need not tell you that in my wildest dreams I could never guess who the duchess was. I have thought of you a thousand times each day, Irene, but my thoughts were all fears. If I had known that you were the duke's wife I should not have come. You see the position is an awkward one for me, unless you are kind enough to enlighten me."

"I do not see that you have any position to maintain," she said, haughtily. "He was in a fever of impatience and suspense."

"Oh, Irene, do not trifle with me; I can ill bear suspense. Tell me in one word, does the duke know your story?"

"I cannot see how that interests you, Sir Hubert," she replied.

"It interests me much," he said, "that if he knows it I leave the house tonight never to re-enter it, and that there will be bitter war between us."

She looked at him with angry indignation.

"Do you suppose for one moment," she said, "that if that honorable, loyal gentleman whom I call my husband knew your real character he would allow you to cross his threshold?"

"There are worse characters than mine," he said, sullenly.

"I think not, Sir Hubert. A traitor ranks with spy, and you are the very king of traitors."

"You are very kind," he answered, his handsome face growing pale with anger. She looked at him from head to foot, with one of the long, lingering, contemptuous glances that sting a man like the lash of a whip.

"As though I could speak kindly to you, a traitor," she said.

"Irene, I will try to be patient. You are torturing me as a cat tortures a mouse. Will you tell me if the duke knows the story of what you call my fraud?"

"Yes," she answered; "he knows the story. I did not keep one detail from him; I did not excuse myself or others. I told him the simple, unvarnished truth," she replied.

"Did you tell him my name, or give him any clue by which he could know it?" he asked.

"No, I did not," was the brief reply.

"Would you mind telling me what he said?" asked Sir Hubert, gravely.

He began to have some kind of idea that danger was in store for him.

"I will tell you with pleasure," she answered. "He asked me your name and I declined to tell him. He said that he should be quite sure to find it out, and when that happened he would never rest until he had set his foot on the traitor's face."

"Well," said Sir Hubert, with a faint attempt at a sneer, "it seems to me that I am likely to have a lively time of it. But as I am no coward I do not fear. What do you threaten me with, Irene?"

"I would please me if you would try to remember that my title is Duchess of Bayard," she said, imperiously. "I threaten you with nothing. I owe you my vengeance."

And again a certain expression of anxiety crossed his face. He did not like the frequent repetition of the word "vengeance."

(To be continued.)

Exquisitely Evaded.

Singularly apropos of Emerson's poetic dictum.

I hold it of little matter whether your jewel be of pure water, a rose diamond or a white. But whether it dazzled me with light, is a story of Herman Merivale, an Englishman of letters, and that brilliant and lovable actress, Miss Ellen Terry, which comes from the London periodical known as M. A. P.

When Miss Terry appeared in "Macbeth," Mr. Merivale thought, with many others, that her part was not suited to her personality or ability. He did not care for her Lady Macbeth at all, and decided not to go behind the scenes in case he should be asked to express an opinion. Sir Henry Irving, however, sent him a most pressing invitation, and directly Miss Terry caught sight of him she hurried across the stage, and asked eagerly:

"Well, how do you like me?"

"Well," returned Mr. Merivale, "the first time we met I saw you as 'Peck,' springing from the earth behind a load-stool. You bewitched me then, and you've been doing it ever since."

"Ask the Blacksmith."

When Attorney Tom Cannon went East with the Jefferson Club to Montreal, he chanced to run down to Richmond and Newport News. At the latter place he met a full-blooded Englishman, a Londoner, who was visiting America for the first time. Mr. Cannon and the Britisher went one evening for a ride into the country and chanced upon a typical Virginia village.

Over a blacksmith shop was suspended a jocular sign, which read:

"Ten miles to the next town. If you can't read, ask the blacksmith."

"If you can't read ask the blacksmith," I can't understand what that bally sign means, don't ye know," exclaimed the Englishman.

"Oh, that's a joke," explained Mr. Cannon.

The Englishman studied the sign for a full minute and then declared with a laugh:

"How jolly clever, don't ye know! Wouldn't it be a great joke if the bally blacksmith was not at home!"

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Sayings of Smart Youngsters.

A Boston teacher recently read to her young pupils an account of a man "who had lived for years upon the frontier." When the story was reproduced by one of the children, to her surprise it read that he had lived for some years "on his front ear!" Another teacher told a gentleman "had occupied for some time a fine country seat." Upon asking the children what was meant by a "country seat" a dead silence reigned till one little fellow said he thought he knew; and to the inquiry of the teacher replied: "A milking stool!" Still another had been reading to her pupils about the rain. One, being asked to write a little story about the rain, after declaring his inability to do so, produced the following: "What does the rain say to the dust? 'I am on to you and your name is mud!'"

A Tall Chimney.

The tallest smokestack on record is what is known as St. Rollox chimney at the Tennant chemical works, Glasgow. It is 455½ feet. It was originally 400 feet, but the management, learning that another stack was to be built equaling it, added the fifty-five and one-half feet to hold the record. The original height was rendered necessary by the lay against chemical works within the city and the necessity for carrying the fumes clear of the district. It is built of brick and supported by heavy iron bands. Once it swayed out of the perpendicular, but by means of a kite and the sawing of the mortar upon one side it was swayed back. Germany has a stack 300 feet high.

Business.

"So you won't let me play 'Hamlet'?" said Mr. Stormington Barnes.

"Emphatically, no," answered the manager.

"You have no respect for the character of the great Dane?"

"Now, my dear Storm," was the soothing rejoinder, "what does the public care about great Danes? What they want is the bloodhounds in 'Uncle Tom's Cabin.'—Washington Star.

Unbiased.

"I trust," said one practical politician, "that you will approach the election in an absolutely unbiased spirit."

"I shall," answered the other. "I have received equal amounts of money from both sides."—Washington Star.

Largest of American Ships.

The largest ships ever launched from an American shipyard are the Korea and Siberia, built at Newport News for the trans-Pacific trade.

Widows whose husbands are dead may be cheerful, but their cheerfulness isn't a circumstance to that of some grass widows.

THE TWO STANDARDS OF DISHONESTY.



This leads to a fine of \$25 and costs and 30 days in the workhouse. It is stealing.

The guests at the banquet after the launching of the Kaiser's yacht carried away so much silverware that Rupert Fritz, the caterer, has become a bankrupt. This is souvenir hunting.

PATRICK HELD GUILTY.

New York Attorney Convicted of Murder of William Marsh Rice.

Albert T. Patrick has been convicted in New York of the murder of the aged millionaire, William Marsh Rice. He is also accused of forging a will to secure possession of the \$7,000,000 estate of the murdered man. After four hours of deliberation the jury told Patrick his doom. Self-possessed and calm, the prisoner did not flinch as the foreman answered "Guilty." The penalty under the statute is death in the electric chair.

Next to the Mollinex case, the Patrick trial has been the longest in court annals of New York. Fiction scarcely has a plot that rivals in dramatic interest the conspiracy to gain possession of the old man's hoard of gold, slowly laid bare, during the long-drawn-out trial. Forgery, poison, fraud, hypocrisy and ingratitude figured in the daring scheme to end the old man's life and transfer his millions to the plotters. Living the lone life of a recluse, Rice was betrayed by his own valet, Charles P. Jones, who became a tool of Patrick, but in the trial Jones revealed the plot and sealed Patrick's doom.

Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, who posed as the confidential friend of the magnate, claimed to possess a will making him the residuary legatee of nine-tenths of the estate. It was not until the next morning, when a young man presented two checks signed by Rice in favor of Patrick, one for \$25,000, the other for \$60,000, at the office of 8, 31, Swanson & Sons, 15 Wall street Rice's bankers, that the first suspicions were aroused. Rice's house telephone was rung up. Jones answered. When asked to call Mr. Rice to the telephone he said Rice was sleeping. When called again a few minutes later he informed the bankers that Rice was dead. Then the police were notified and detectives put on the case. As a result both Patrick and Jones were arrested for forging the checks, and later Jones, the valet, made the startling confession of having murdered Rice at the instigation of Patrick.

Like the Cudahy case.

Threat to Kidnap the Children of a Pittsburgh Millionaire.

A case identical in many respects with the famous plot which resulted in the kidnaping of the young son of R. A. Cudahy, the millionaire,

is now being played out in the city of Kansas City. A letter was received at which has caused not a little inconvenience and anxiety to the family of Alexander H. Peacock, former first vice-president and general sales agent of the Carnegie Company of Pittsburgh. In the Cudahy case kidnapers secured the millionaire's son and before they delivered him up compelled the payment to them of \$25,000 by the father. Mr. Peacock's three children have not been abducted, but warning letters, telling that the children will be stolen and murdered unless \$25,000 be left at a certain place, have caused the family to leave Pittsburgh and locate at a New York hotel. The children consist of two sons, Grant, aged 14; Alexander, 10, and Irene, aged 2.

The first threatening letter was received two months ago and resulted in the police being placed on the case. Several days later a second note was forthcoming. The shock was so great, Mrs. Peacock became ill and removal to New York was decided upon. The detectives profess to know who the would-be kidnapers are and say they are among the most dangerous criminals in the country.

The steel trust has announced that it will this year expend about \$8,000,000 in Pittsburgh and its vicinity in new plants and additions to and alterations in old ones.

The strike of the tinners of St. Joseph, Mo., has been settled after three months by a compromise by which the men get 35 cents an hour instead of 31 1/4 as heretofore.

Two lines of steamships are to be established to ply between Spain and Mexico in an effort to hold and extend Spanish trade with the Mexican republic.

At Keokuk Falls, Oklahoma, two men shot and killed John Martin, proprietor of a distillery at his home. They robbed him first and then after saturating his body with oil they set fire to it and escaped. The flames were extinguished by neighbors before the body was consumed.

The Secretary of War has twice refused to grant the right of way to the Oklahoma City and Western Railway Company to cross the Fort Sill military reservation.

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Tired Out

"I was very poorly and could hardly get about the house. I was tired out all the time. Then I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it only took two bottles to make me feel perfectly well."—Mrs. N. S. Swinney, Princeton, Mo.

Tired when you go to bed, tired when you get up, tired all the time. Why? Your blood is impure, that's the reason. You are living on the border line of nerve exhaustion. Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and be quickly cured.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this great old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

London is to have its first "skyscraper" of a building which might better be called a fog-cutter, as it will be only seven stories high.

Lane's Family Medicine Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Some French dogs are vaccinated for distemper, and never have it afterward.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that's necessary. Sold by druggists.

EARLIEST RUSSIAN MILLET. Will you be short of hay? If so plant a plenty of this prodigiously prolific millet. 5 to 8 tons of rich hay per acre. Price, 50 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$2.00. Cash freight. John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. O.

I have used Piso's Cure for Consumption with good results. It is all right—John W. Henry, Box 642, Fostoria, Ohio, Oct. 4, 1901.

IF YOU USE BALL BLUE, Get Real Cross Ball Blue, the best Ball Blue. Large 2 oz. package only 5 cents.

Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Syrup for Children (coughing) soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, 25 cents a bottle.



Mrs. Francis Podmore, President W. C. T. U., Saranac Lake, New York, Owes Her Health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Read Her Letter.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For several years after my last child was born I felt a peculiar weakness, such as I never had experienced before, with severe pains in the ovaries and frequent headaches.

"I tried the doctor's medicines and found it money worse than wasted. A friend who had been cured through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advised me to try it. I did so, also your Sanative Wash, and I must say I never experienced such relief before. Within six weeks I was like another woman. I felt young and strong and happy once more.

"This is several years ago, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is my only medicine. If I ever feel bad or tired a few doses brings instant relief."—MRS. FRANCIS PODMORE.

\$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

John E. Burns Lumber Co.

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, ETC.

Shipped in any quantity
Shipped to anybody
Shipped at any time
Shipped anywhere

40 W. Chicago Avenue,
CHICAGO.

29 YEARS SELLING DIRECT.

We are the largest manufacturers of vehicles and harnesses in the world selling to consumers, and we have been doing business in this way for 29 years.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS who ship any ware for commission. You are out nothing if not satisfied. We make 10 styles of vehicles and styles of harnesses. Our prices represent the cost of material and making, plus one profit. Our large free catalogue shows complete lines. Send for it.

No. 291 Buggy. Price, \$200.00. As good as new for \$100.00.

No. 740 Open Stanhope. Has 14 inch Kelly rubber tires. Price, \$100.00. As good as new for \$50.00.

PRATT CARRIAGE & HARNESS COMPANY, ELKHART, IND.

Congress.

Continuation of the debate on the oleomargarine bill occupied Wednesday's session of the Senate. Messrs. Dilliver, Hanesbrough, Hoar and Lodge spoke in support of the measure and Mr. Stewart against it. A brief executive session preceded adjournment. In the House general debate on the military appropriation bill was concluded during the day and consideration of the bill under the five-minute rule began. During the debate Mr. Burleson (Texas) renewed his attack on Secretary Hay on account of the allegations regarding the Boer relief funds subscribed in Illinois. Mr. Hitt (Ill.), chairman of the foreign affairs committee, replied briefly. At the beginning of the session the Burleson resolution calling on the President for information relative to the application of General Miles to go to the Philippines was adopted without debate.

Bright's Disease Cured. Sullivan, Ill., March 31.—Mrs. Kitty F. Seaneey was very ill for months and notwithstanding the best possible medical attendance she got no better. The doctors said she had Bright's Disease, and gave her little or no hope of ever being well again. She suffered great pain in her back, which nothing seemed able to relieve. At last, last evening, by the reputation of Dodd's Kidney Pills have attained in the community as a cure for Kidney Diseases, she began to use them.

The result was a surprise both to Mrs. Seaneey and the physicians, for soon after the treatment was commenced her kidneys threw off large quantities of dark diseased matter and she improved rapidly. She used in all ten boxes, and has completely recovered good health without pain or symptoms of the Bright's Disease.

Correctly Named. "Why do you call him a chance acquaintance?" "I met him while buying a lottery ticket."

Many School Children Are Sickly. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, successfully used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. Ten thousand testimonials. **TRY NEVER FAIL.** At all druggists. Sample mailed free. Address ALLEN S. OLNEY, Le Roy, New York.

China has a canal 2,100 miles long. This is in excess of any inland waterway of similar usefulness in the world.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam to stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

It takes a weight of 24,500 pounds to crush a half-inch cube of granite.

YELLOW CLOTHES ARE UNSIGHTLY Keep them white with Red Cross Ball Blue. All grocers sell large 2 oz. package, 5 cents.

Most of the day was occupied by the House Friday in discussion of the President's policy of vetoing bills to remove the charge of desertion from the records of soldiers. The subject came up with private pension bills, 215 of which were passed. By unanimous consent a bill was passed to confer jurisdiction upon the court of claims to adjudicate the claims for duties collected on goods going into Porto Rico between April 11, 1899, and May 1, 1900. The bill provides that the claims found due shall bear interest at 6 per cent. The refund of these duties is made necessary by the decision of the Supreme Court. Mr. Cannon, from the committee on appropriations, reported the sundry civil appropriation bill, and gave notice that he would call it up on Monday.

Most of Saturday in the House was devoted to the bill increasing the efficiency of the revenue cutter service, but consideration of it was completed. The opening argument was made by Mr. Sherman (N. Y.). Speeches were made in its favor by Messrs. Minor (Wis.) and H. O. Smith (Mich.), and against it by Messrs. Richardson (Ala.), Little (Ark.), Cochran (Mo.) and Mann (Ill.). The general debate was limited to eight hours. The Chinese exclusion act was made a special order after the disposal of the revenue cutter bill. The Miles correspondence called by the Burleson resolution was laid before the House at the opening of the session.

During the entire session of the Senate on Monday the oleomargarine bill was under consideration. Mr. Lodge, chairman of the committee on Philippines, reported the bill to provide for the administration of the affairs of the civil government of the Philippine islands. In the House consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was begun and general debate was ended before the close of the session. Little of the speech-making was pertinent to the bill. Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, who was in charge of the measure, in a brief preliminary statement, explained that the bill carried \$40,823,805, being \$12,455,542 less than the estimates and \$12,072,012 less than the current law. He called attention to the fact that the taxes collected are being retained. Last year \$4,000,000 of such taxes were removed and this year \$70,000,000 will go, making a total reduction of revenue in two years of \$111,000,000. Mr. Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee, reported the Cuban reciprocity bill and gave notice that he would call it up the following Tuesday.

Washington Notes. Chicago may be selected as location for new naval training station.

Gen. Young has been appointed president of the new army war college.

President vetoed bill to remove charge of desertion from record of John Glass.

Preliminary steps have been taken to put into effect the new Philippine tariff. Friends of Senator Spooner of Wisconsin have prevailed upon him to stand for re-election.

War horrors will be lessened by the provision of The Hague treaty, just ratified by the Senate.

Senator Hoar recently made a vigorous speech opposing proposition for election of Senators by direct vote of the people.

The President is said to have refused to send Gen. Miles of the Philippines because it would be unjust to allow there. Postoffice Department stopped fraudulent scheme of swindler, who advertised way to open cash registers without keys.

STORY OF GOLD.

Interesting Extracts from a Recently Issued Book.

Interesting statistics about gold mining are given in the Commercial Geography, by Cyrus C. Adams, published by the Appletons, as follows: Gold is one of the few metals that is often found pure. Most of it, however, is alloyed with other metals, chiefly silver. It occurs in veins, in quartz and other rocks, and is obtained by crushing and smelting the rock (quartz mining). A great deal of gold freed from the rock by water and heat, cold and other disintegrating influences is mixed with gravel and sand in the beds of streams or on the seashore, and is obtained by washing (placer mining). The world's production, rapidly increasing in recent years, is nearly \$900,000,000 a year. The United States was long foremost in gold production, but in 1898 the South African republic attained the first place. Nearly all the gold mined in this country comes from the Western States and Territories, including Alaska.

The beauty and value of gold make it highly prized for ornamentation. About a fifth of the product, therefore, is annually consumed in arts, France occupying the first place in this use of the metal, followed by the United Kingdom and the United States. As the metal is too soft to be used pure, it is alloyed with copper or silver. The quantity of alloy added to gold in jewelry is from 12 to over 50 per cent. Pure gold is called 24 carats fine. When there are equal parts of gold and alloy the mixture is 12 carats fine.

Most of the gold output is coined. It is the standard money of many nations. Its great advantage as money is that usually it cannot be obtained without great labor, and that it fluctuates little in value. The average output per miner does not often exceed \$6 to \$12 a week, and counting wages and cost of machinery \$1 is believed to be expended for each one dollar's worth of gold produced. Many mines are very profitable, but we hear little of the large sums expended in unprofitable mining.

Metals as Fuel.

"Metals may be burned for the sake of the heat and light they produce, just as ordinary fuels are burnt," said Prof. Roberts-Austen, in a recent discourse. But the burning of metals, he proceeded to show, differs from that of ordinary fuels in that the products of combustion are not gaseous but solid. An instance of burning metal for the sake of light is furnished by the "magnesium star," a contrivance by which a shell packed with magnesium and attached to a parachute is fired electrically high in the air, thus producing an illumination of the ground beneath at night. This finds its use in warfare. Recently aluminum has been found to be an admirable fuel for producing an intense heat to be used in welding. This kind of metallic fuel has assumed much industrial importance at Essen, in Germany.

DAN GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Pe-ru-na is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy---I am as Well as Ever."



HON. DAN A. GROSVENOR, OF THE FAMOUS OHIO FAMILY.

Hon. Dan A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy."

DAN A. GROSVENOR.

In a recent letter he says: "I consider Peruna really more meritorious than I did when I wrote you last. I receive numerous letters from acquaintances all over the country asking me if my certificate is genuine. I invariably answer, yes."—Dan A. Grosvenor.

A Congressman's Letter. Hon. H. W. Ogden, Congressman from Louisiana, in a letter written at Washington, D. C., says the following of Peruna, the national catarrh remedy:

"I can conscientiously recommend you Peruna as a fine tonic and all around good medicine to those who are in need of a catarrh remedy. It has been commended to me by people who have used it, as a remedy particularly effective in the cure of catarrh. For those who need a good catarrh medicine I know of nothing better."—H. W. Ogden.

Treat Catarrh in Spring. The spring is the time to treat catarrh. Cold, wet winter weather often retards a cure of catarrh. If a course of Peruna is taken during the early spring months the cure will be prompt and permanent. There can be no failures if Peruna is taken intelligently during the favorable weather of spring.

As a systemic catarrh remedy Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system wherever it may be located. It cures catarrh of the stomach or bowels with the same certainty as catarrh of the head. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

ALABASTINE

The Only Durable Wall Coating

Kalsomines are temporary, rot, rub off and scale

Write us and see how helpful we can be, at no cost to you, in getting beautiful and healthful homes. Address

Alabastine Co., Department D, Grand Rapids, Mich.

ONLY SOUR PUMPS CUMI

FOR SALE 1,000 Acres of Good Farming Land in Oyster Co., Neb. 120 acres in cultivation, balance hay land. Will be sold very cheap. Geo. H. Peterson, 822 N. 16th St., Omaha, Neb.

HOW TO CLEAN Carpets on the floor, Paper on the wall, old Objects of Art. All for 25 cents. Address DUBROOK & CO., Aurora, Ill.

S. N. U. No. 14-1902

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Men of Affairs

One may sail the seas and visit every land and everywhere will find, that men of affairs, who are well informed, have neither the time nor the inclination, whether on pleasure bent or business, to use those medicines which cause excessive purgation and then leave the internal organs in a complicated condition. Syrup of Figs is not built on those lines. It acts naturally, acts effectively, cleanses, sweetens and strengthens the internal organs and leaves them in a healthy condition.

If in need of a laxative remedy the most excellent is Syrup of Figs, but when anything more than a laxative is required the safe and scientific plan is to consult a competent physician and not to resort to those medicines which claim to cure all manner of diseases.

The California Fig Syrup Co. was the first to manufacture a laxative remedy which would give satisfaction to all; a laxative which, physicians could sanction and one friend recommend to another; so that today its sales probably exceed all other laxatives combined. In some places considerable quantities of old-time cathartics and modern imitations are still sold, but with the general diffusion of knowledge, as to the best medicinal agents, Syrup of Figs has come into general use with the well-informed, because it is a remedy of known value and ever beneficial action.

The quality of Syrup of Figs is due not only to the excellent combination of the laxative and carminative principles of plants, known to act most beneficially on the system, with agreeable and refreshing aromatic liquids, but also to the original method of manufacture. In order to get the genuine and its beneficial effects one should always note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.
THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide
Circulation in Western Lake County, than
Any Paper Published in The State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

From the siege of Troy to the occupation of Peking the historian has not had to vary his comment on the "rapine of licentious soldiery." There is no different commentary for the United States occupation of her new possessions. Witness Havana with 21,252 deaths the year before our troops went there, a rate that decreased to 8,153 under the first year of our regime and has now dropped to 5,000.

Henry Waterson thinks that the Philippine issue is the only one for the democrats to use next time. Others are equally as strong for tariff reform, and Mr. Bryan nails his flag to the popular election of senators. At the present rate there will be as many issues as fissures in the democratic party.

In the debate on the postal appropriation bill one member asked what a "nixie" clerk was, as several were provided for in the bill. Mr. Loud, of California, chairman of the committee where the bill originated, explained that "nixie" when applied to a clerk means one whose business is to decipher addresses practically illegible.

The Japanese Official Gazette gives some interesting school statistics about the pupils of the country, in which the average height of the boys is given at 5.3 feet, and that of the girls, 4.9. This is a good average in view of the fact that the Japanese are generally considered small.

Another sword has been subscribed for Major Jenkins, and President Roosevelt will present at the Charleston Exposition, the Tillmans to the contrary notwithstanding. The Tillman sword cost \$65 but the new one is to cost \$500.

Chicago has the record number of trains arriving and departing in one day, with 1,400. This supremacy will be overthrown when the Pennsylvania and Long Island Railway terminals are finished at New York.

A single American company announces that it will buy at once 19,000 steel cars and 290 locomotives to accommodate its increased traffic. No bounds are set on the industrial expansion of the republic.

Mr. Bryan wants to know what would happen if the farmers refused to pay taxes to support a bounty. What usually happens when persons not entirely supported by charity refused to pay taxes?

Prince Henry believes in nature's sweet restorer. As soon as he was away from the fetes of America he slept 48 hours at a stretch, while he was recovering from the fatigue of his trip.

Mr. Cleveland says he is not at all troubled about Mr. Bryan's comments. The traitor ingrate, and political nonentity evidently thinks that it is better to be a "has been" than a "never was."

London has bought a number of huge, portable, oil lamps to be set up in the streets at important points when heavy fog makes the ordinary methods of street lighting useless.

Copies of the world's most famous paintings are to be hung on the walls of the Kentucky state penitentiary. That kind of hanging is good for all criminals.

The purchase of bonds in the open market by the Treasury Department has kept the price high and the Secretary has ordered the purchases stopped.

A woman suffrage measure which passed the Iowa Senate was rejected by the Lower house.

A Bill has been introduced in the Ohio legislature to allow Sunday baseball.

The Gentleman from Germany.

Prince Henry seems to have grasped the main idea in the great reception which the American people have given, i. e., that the American right hand of fellowship was extended, not to the monarchical ideal, but to the German people. Yet it would be unfair to deny that the monarchical ideal has been of very great benefit to America. It has driven to our shores tens of millions of strong, liberty loving men and women, who have become flesh of our flesh and bone of our bone, and have helped America to win her present position of absolute leadership among nations.—National Magazine for April.

The Wisconsin Central Railway

Maintains a daily train service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowish, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Duluth, reaching Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Marshfield, Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer as well as connecting with roads running South, East, West and North, are made at terminal points. Pullman Sleepers are attached to night trains and meals are served at Carlisle. Any agent of the Wisconsin Ry. Co. please to give you further information, tickets and reserve sleeping accommodations.

JAS. O. POND, Gen. Pass. Ag't., Milwaukee, Wis.

GOVERNMENT EXTRAVAGANCE.

Perhaps it is useless to call attention to the growing expenses of government, and yet some kind of a protest should be made by the people against this growing extravagance if not evil. Twenty years ago says a Washington letter, when this country enumerated 50,000,000 inhabitants, it cost an aggregate of three hundred millions for the yearly expenses of the government. Now with 75,000,000 of population it is ranging up to the billion mark. It may be true as the old song says that "Uncle Sam is rich enough to give us all a farm." But he is not rich enough to stand continued increase of expenditures out of all proportion to national growth. One of the elements of extravagance long well known to newspaper men has been the top-heaviness of the pay rolls of the Senate and House of Representatives.

The business of the Congress might easily be transacted with one half of the number of employees now on the pay roll.

Only recently a bill was passed to place the employees of the census bureau in the civil service list. The president approves the bill retaining a few hundred on the pay roll making others eligible as heads of bureaus may require. Then too the Senate asks for twenty additional clerks but this was squelched in committee. To illustrate; and the few mentioned are samples of many; A husky reporter is on the roll for \$100 per month as an imaginary paper folder. It is unnecessary to say he does not fold a paper. At the same time a veteran newspaper man, blind and decrepit was down at \$75 per month as a blacksmith. A big burly negro is on the roll for the same amount as watchman and who occupies a chair most of the time. The Schley controversy discovered the author who precipitated the scandal on the pay roll as a "laborer."

One of the auditors of the treasury recently said; There is a clerk here drawing \$1600 per annum who could not get \$600 per year in a factory at home. So much for civil service statistics as operated. No body needs be niggardly in order to be economical, the government need not be niggardly to avoid extravagance. But it is not necessary to pay an army of men in the civil service salaries of from \$2000 to \$5000 per annum who could not earn half the amount at ordinary employment in business pursuits.

The pending quarrel among prominent politicians of our state has revealed a great many useless officers, notable attorneys for committees with large salaries. Many committees drawing large salaries that are of no use whatever to the people. Innumerable boards, costly but useless, are being exposed by the strife for selfish purposes. Figures running into thousands of dollars it is asserted is thus lost to the taxpayer. It is alarming and the taxpayer may demand a halt in the near future. Even local taxes are increasing notwithstanding the strenuous effort to collect more revenue from the personal property list. The above condition is a subject for careful thought by every voter. It is time to elect watch dogs of the treasury, sure.

TAUGHT POCKET-PICKING.

Regular Academy Where Boys Are Trained in the Art's Fine Points. Stowe relates that in 1585 the magistracy devoted great attention to the discovery and suppression of houses frequented by thieves, and that Fleetwood, the recorder to the lord treasurer, with others of the bench, discovered sixteen of these houses in London and Westminster and two in Southwark.

In one of these, an alehouse, at Smart's quay, Billingsgate, kept by a person of the name of Wotton, "a gentleman born, and once a merchant of good credit, but fallen by time into decay," the art of cutting purses and picking pockets was taught scientifically.

Wotton had a regular academy of vice, in which crime was as methodically taught as the mechanical arts. In order to give to the embryo pick-pocket the dexterity which was requisite, a pocket with counters, and a purse with silver, were suspended; each of them was hung about with "hawk's bells," and a "little sacring bell" at the top.

The pupil was taught to take out the counters and the silver without disturbing the bells, and when he was enabled to do this, he was deemed fit to commence his profession, and was admitted into the association of nypers and foysters, as the culprits and pickpockets were called.

A Doctor's Bad Pill.

"Two years ago, as a result of a severe cold, I lost my voice," writes Dr. M. L. Scarbrough, of Hebron, Ohio, then began an obstinate cough. Every remedy known to me as a practicing physician for 35 years failed and I daily grew worse. Being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, I found a quick relief, and for the last ten days have felt better than for two years. Positively guaranteed for throat and lung troubles by W. T. Hill, Antioch, 50c and \$1.00 Trial bottles free.

Illinois Central Through to Florida.

Beginning Monday, Jan. 6, 1902, the Illinois Central will run a through sleeping car between Chicago and Jacksonville, Florida, via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. It will leave Chicago daily at 6:10 p. m., and arrive at Jacksonville the second morning, running over the celebrated "Dixie Flyer" scenic route. This is an extension of its all-the-year-round Chicago and Nashville sleeping-car line.

Lake Villa Pharmacy

J. O. MAC LEAN
Prescription Druggist

Wall Paper,
Drugs,
Drug Sundries
Candies,
Cigars,
Ice Cream
Soda,
Choice
Perfumes.

AN OLD DOCTOR'S TIP.

A Simple Rule That Helped Him to Acquire a Lucrative Practice.

A physician of long standing in this city who has a practice that any of his colleagues might envy—and many in all probability do—recently gave this advice to a young doctor who was just starting out in his profession. The older man is a type of the kind of doctor that is said to be going out of style—the family physician. Whether he is destined to disappear or not, this kind of a physician followed a highly profitable kind of career while it lasted. Many young men used to regard this sort of practice as that to which they all aspired.

"I have always made it a rule," said this experienced man of medicine, "to close every visit to a patient with a question or a comment on his or her physical condition. It is all very well to discuss various questions with one's patients, talk about all kinds of subjects and interest them in any way possible. But the final remark must be connected with the patient's physical condition. Tell him not to forget to take a certain medicine regularly, or tell her that you have never had a case that was just like hers—but in all cases talk last about the illness of the person you have come to see. I learned that when I was a young man from the most popular physician of his time. I always felt indebted to him, for it was not long before I realized the truth of the theory that nothing leaves such a favorable impression on a patient as to emphasize the importance of his malady."

VARIETY OF ARTIFICIAL MILK.

Most Any Kind Can Be Supplied by the Chemist.

Do you happen to know anybody who has on his hands a small family of pedigree pigs that have lost their mamma?

If so, and no foster mother is at hand, those precious little porkers will surely die with painful promptitude, unless supplied with one of the most interesting of twentieth century products—namely, artificial pig milk, says the Washington Times.

Very likely you never heard of artificial pig milk. Yet it is a recognized article of manufacture, though by no means in common demand. If you know where to go you can buy it in Washington or in any other large city. They will make it for you, to order, at a surprisingly moderate price, in any of those establishments where "pasteurized" and otherwise-monkeyed milk is put up for sale.

An establishment of this kind will furnish you just as readily with artificial goat milk, artificial cat milk or a close imitation of the milk of any other domestic animal. The recipes for making them are quite simple, being based upon analysis of samples of the actual article in each case.

A Long Railroad Journey.

The distance from Vladivostok to St. Petersburg is 6,677 miles, and the fare is \$128.75. A "train de luxe" is run every ten days, with sleeping and restaurant cars. As the railroad across Siberia is not yet complete, several hundred miles are covered by lake and river steamers.

Horse Clipping

As the season for Clipping horses has arrived, we are prepared to do a First-class Job on short notice



In relieving your horse of the surplus amount of winter hair, 'tis like relieving one's self of the burdensome overcoat.

1.50 FOR AN A 1 JOB.

Kelly & Garrett, Antioch

J. C. JAMES, Jr.,
FARM AND FIRE Insurance
Prudential Life. Low Rates and Good Companies

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, kidney-impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work. Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or uneasy heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

MEN WHO WHISPER.

Is It Like the Giggles a Habit? Or a Man with Curiosity.

Why is it that women have so much of a confidential nature to communicate to one another in whispers in public? Is the question of a curious man in New York.

"It is particularly noticeable," he adds, "in the cars. I don't expect them to discuss their affairs for the benefit of other people in the car; loud talking is quite as bad form as some other things."

"But I have noticed, not recently, but for years, that when two women who know each other touch elbows in a street car they almost instantly, that is as soon as they can get at it, begin whispering. This is nearly always accompanied by giggles, single and double."

"How seldom it is that you see men whispering. I have seen two women chat on a street corner forty feet away from any other person, and then as they were about to separate, whisper in the most confidential way and then giggle."

"I beg to insist that this criticism, if it may be so called, is not idle curiosity. No gentleman would willingly overhear a conversation between women, and I am certain that no woman in a street car would be comfortable if she saw two men communicating in the way I have described."

"I am satisfied that this whispering in public is a habit for most women giggle and laugh every time they meet. I am a lover of a hearty laugh—it denotes a healthy liver and indicates home living—but I have noticed that laughter between men in public is an exception, while with women it is the rule. Are women happier than men, or is laughter with them mechanical?"

Room in South Africa.

There are 20,000 square miles of agricultural land in Natal alone, which carries a population of but one to the square mile. The same paucity of farming population prevails over the whole of South Africa.

Your Tongue

If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver is out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use the BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for Whiskers. SOLE OF DRUGGISTS, 222 N. P. HALL & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

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Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure TRADE-MARKS write to

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OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Carpets and Matting, Rugs and Lace Curtains.

The new goods are here. Rich and handsome designs in new VELVET and BRUSSELS Carpets, and a fine selection of all wool and wool-filled Ingrain Carpets.

Matting, with cotton or native warp. The new green, blue and red fancies and the plain straws.

Lace Curtains of all kinds. Ruffled Bobbinets, Nottingham, Brussels Nets, Applique, Corded, and the fancy ruffled Muslin and Swiss effects. Also Swiss, Muslin and Bobbinet by the yard.

WINDOW SHADES—complete stock of 30-inch goods in primary colors, green in 30, 45, 48, and 54-inch widths. Any color or width on special order.

Heath & Milligan's—Paint, Varnish, Stain, and Interior Enamels—in cans—prepared ready-to-use.

G. R. LYON & SONS.
LEADERS OF LOW PRICES
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.

Spring is Coming

and now is the time to think of relieving



That Horse of Yours
of the Winter Crop of Hair
by getting him CLIPPED

A NEAT JOB FOR \$1.50
J. H. DALES, ANTIOCH

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GIVE ME A TRIAL.

FOR SALE.

1 Second-hand Surret, 1 Buggy, 1 Single Harness, 3 Buggy Poles, 1 four-passenger trap.

All in first-class condition, and if you don't want them, don't make an offer. 21st L. B. GRICE, Antioch, Ill.

SULPHOGEN RELIEVES all Stomach and Bowel Troubles

by destroying the germs that cause fermentation. It is a powerful antacid, antispasmodic, antiseptic, and a reliable remedy for all cases of indigestion, flatulence, constipation, and all other troubles of the stomach and bowels. It is sold in 25c. and 50c. bottles guaranteed to relieve, sent prepaid. Descriptive book free. Sulphogen Chemical Co., 1824 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co
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on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest Inquire 20-1 **BANK OF ANTIOCH.**

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ELECTRICITY OF ALL KINDS.

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Hail NEW SPRING GOODS.

Embracing the finest line of styles for SHIRT WAISTS,

in such goods as....

New Madras, Hispania Woven Mercerized Silk, Zephyr Gingham, Sateens, Percales and Prints.

New Dress Goods, including....

Como Batiste, Borderie Vienne, Celtic Cords, Mille Raye Dinities, Raye Dentelle's and Flambeaus, New Black and White Lawns, Ponge Madras, Skirtings, Allover tucking Embroideries and Laces, Beadings, Galloons in White, Ecru and the new Arabian color.

Latest effects in Chiffon Veiling.

Call and see the New Wash Ribbons at only 5c to 10c.

Spring sale of SHOES---

We are now opening spring styles of the Celebrated "SELZ" SHOE

You are probably aware that Selz, Schwab & Co. are the largest makers of shoes in the world. While they make the most they also aim to make the best. We believe they do, therefore we sell them.

On these goods, noted for their superior style, finish, fit and wearing qualities, we are now making lower prices than the same goods can be bought in this U. S. of America.

We give you here a sample price:

Selz Royal Blue Men's Shoe, 3.00
this same shoe which we sell at \$3.00 is sold at the uniform price of \$5.00 on State street and thousands of them sold at that price.

Selz Woman's Walking Boots, 1.75
Selz Woman's Vici Kid Shoe, 2.75

The above are only a few of the sample prices which we are making on the full line of these shoes.

We are also closing out some odd lines at very low prices, many of them at 25 per cent of manufacturers cost price.

ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE

HILL'S

Drugs, Druggists Sundries, New Stationery, Choice Confectionary, Paints, Oils, Wall Paper

Drug Store

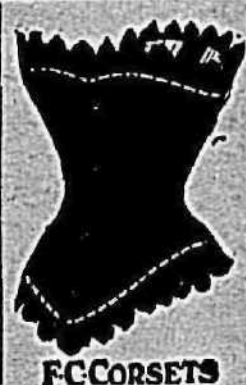
THAYER & VICKERS,
Dealers in
General Merchandise

ALL GOODS purchased at our store during the next 60 days will be represented by coupons comparable any time at 2 per cent on the dollar, and the person returning the most of these coupons for redemption will be given free one handsome reclining rocker, which is on exhibition at the store. The sure and certain return all coupons at the expiration of the 60 days and get your 2 per cent discount.

CORSETS

CORSETS

CORSETS



From

25 cents

up to 2.50

TRY OUR NEW LINE OF CIGARS and take a chance on the Guitars, which you see in the window. One chance with every smoke—Your choice of cigars.

G. THAYER—A. VICKERS

USE **A-B** Stove Polish
WORLD'S BEST
LIQUID AND DRY
Arling Bros. 14 Madison Av., Chicago

WILL TEACH TOMMY ATKINS.

Wyoming Broncho Busters to Show the Britisher Real Horsemanship.

Jayson Johnson, broncho buster of Cheyenne, Wyo., is now acting as examining, purchasing and forwarding agent in the supplying of the British cavalry in South Africa with western American mounts. Within the last year the British government has purchased from 50,000 to 75,000 head of horses from the American ranges. These American range horses make ideal cavalry horses when they have natural cavalymen to ride them—an article in which the British army service is deficient. To obviate, as far as possible the shortcomings of the average Tommy Atkins, a corps of seventy Wyoming riders has been added to the South African British war establishment, with the special duty of initiating British cavalymen into the many and elusive "bucking" mysteries of the American broncho. Mr. Johnson expresses the opinion that the present use in the Boer war of American western range horses under British saddles has laid deep the foundations of an almost exclusive British buying of these horses for future cavalry service.

SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMONDS.

Mines Yield Over Forty Million Dollars Every Year.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the De Beers Mining Company the chairman stated that the De Beers and Kimberley mines had been in full swing for thirty-two years, and were now producing diamonds to the value of \$28,600,000 annually. The company's three mines at Dutoitspan, Bultfontein and Premier had four and a half times the area of the other two, and had been little worked thus far. If the De Beers and Kimberley mines were worked out the company would still be able to maintain its output for 144 years. The company was now getting a better price for diamonds, and as soon as normal conditions returned the profits would considerably increase. He added that the stock of rough diamonds in London was never lower than now.

Cecil Rhodes wrote, agreeing to a proposal to capitalize his life governorship interest in order to avoid friction between himself and the shareholders, but he said it was a heavy sacrifice, which he would have wished to avoid. It was stated that the shareholder's annual profits amounted to \$100,000.

Buggies and Farm Implements

C. G. NELSON

DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Glass, Cutlery,

WIRE, NAILS, AND SPORTING GOODS.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Cordage, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools, Lead, Oil, Paints, Colors and Brushes.

Lake Villa,

Illinois

TREVOR, WIS.

Mrs. Patrick is very low with pneumonia.

Mr. Newell Parks is better at the present writing.

Mr. Jacob Drom was a Waukegan visitor, Thursday.

Mrs. David Rea took in Antioch Sunday and Monday.

Mr. David Rea returned to Fargo, North Dakota, last Monday.

Mr. Arthur Parks returned from Montgomery, Ill., last Thursday.

Mrs. Will Scherf visited her mother, Mrs. Pitcher, a few days this week.

Mr. L. R. Graves, of Waukegan, visited his mother, Mrs. T. Graves, a few days this week.

ROLLINS, ILL.

Farmers have got their oats sowed in this vicinity.

Mary Hook and Dora Cremin are home from Wheaton.

Mrs. W. W. Cremin and Frank were in Chicago Thursday.

Mrs. Squire Sheldon's sister and family, visited here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. George Waite visited at C. W. Hamilton's Monday.

Fay Hamilton is home from Valparaiso, where he is attending school.

Mrs. W. Hamilton is visiting at Waukegan, Wis., her former home.

Will Snyder and Hattie Crittendon, of Gage's Lake, were married in Waukegan Monday.

The Great B-mal Swamp.

Of Virginia is a breeding ground of Malaria germs. So is low, wet or marshy ground everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles, and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. We tried many remedies for malaria and stomach and liver troubles, writes John Charleston, of Byesville, O., but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. W. T. Hill. Guaranteed satisfaction.

Tin Shop in Connection

ADJOINING

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

TOWNS

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Geo. McKamara, of Russel, visited here on Monday.

Floyd Harvey who has been ill for some time is again able to be out.

Homer Hendee has been visiting his nephew, Euclid Hendee and family.

Mrs. Riel, of Burlington, visited her brother, A. R. Riel and family on Friday.

Mrs. Eugene Hendee has been spending the past few days with relatives in Chicago.

Mr. Spruz opened his new meat market at Fox Lake, on Thursday. We wish him success.

Mrs. Benduhn is having the upper rooms of her house finished off, and intends renting them.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Blanchard, of Antioch, moved in the Barrows tenement house on Monday.

Mrs. E. B. Sherman spent the last of the week with relatives and friends at Wheeling and Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Shephardson, of Gurnee, spent Saturday with their sons, Frank and Ernest Shephardson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wicks attended the funeral of Mr. Scoville who committed suicide at his home near Hickory last week.

E. B. Sherman has sold his residence on Maple Ave. to Emory Adams who will occupy it as soon as vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Sherman.

Mr. Yardy and family moved on Tuesday to the place he rented of Mr. McLaughlin at Gages Lake and intends to keep summer boarders.

On Monday March 31, at Waukegan, occurred the marriage of Mr. W. Snider and Miss Hattie Crittendon both of Gages Lake. They will make Grayslake their home having rented the room over F. Fritz residence. Mr. Snider will be employed by the Wilbur Lumber company. The young couple have the best wishes of their friends.

Mrs. Gardiner, Grayslake's pioneer hotel keeper, has rented the Rose hotel and will run it in connection with the other hotel in order to accommodate their many guests. Heretofore they have been obliged to turn many away. The Gardiner house is a first class hotel and with a fine new livery barn which is about completed, they will be prepared to furnish the public with the best accommodation.

At the Episcopal church at Waukegan, on Wednesday, April 2, at 1 p. m. occurred the marriage of Mr. Wm. Hurd and Miss Jonnie Domboski, eldest daughter of H. Domboski, the best man being Mr. Hurd's brother and Clair Doolittle and the bridesmaids Miss Bernice Domboski and Miss Bertha Hook. Mrs. Hurd has lived in this neighborhood all her life and has surrounded herself with a host of friends. Mr. Hurd has resided near here for the past few years and is known as an industrious young man. They have rented Mr. Domboski's farm where they will reside. Their many friends unite in heartfelt congratulations.

LAKE VILLA.

How about those sidewalks?

Miss Gertrude Miller spent Saturday at her home.

J. Pester and wife were in Antioch on Tuesday.

Rev. C. L. Hay was in Chicago the first of the week.

Little Ruth Sugar is reported as being a little better.

Will Farrier, of Chicago, was in Lake Villa the first of the week.

Fred Hamlin and Harry Miller have gone to Lake Geneva to work.

Miss Mabel Richards visited in Rochester, Wis., Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Dietz, the nurse at H. Potter's, enjoyed a visit from her sister last week.

M. S. Miller and C. L. Harbaugh transacted business in Waukegan recently.

George Farrow is improving the appearance of his property by painting his house. C. Hamlin and J. Kingsley are at work building an addition to W. G. Barnstable's house.

Mr. and Mrs. Waters and daughter, of Chicago, visited Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Rowling and Mrs. Barnstable. Mrs. Waters returned to the city Monday morning.

S. R. Little disposed of most of his household goods last week and went to the city Tuesday. Mrs. Little and Miss Nina will visit in Grayslake and Antioch a while before going to the city. We are sorry to lose them from our village.

The cottage owned by J. J. Morely was totally destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon, the cause being a defective flue. Mr. and Mrs. Lyons and their cousin, Lyle Lyons, who lived with them, barely escaped with their lives. The house was so constructed as to cause the fire to spread rapidly. Mr. Lyons and Lyle work nights at the coal shed, and so were asleep at the time of the fire and hardly saved even a suit of working clothes. Their goods, except two trunks, a wash-stand, chair, mattress, and washing machine, were totally destroyed. A subscription was taken up for them and a good sum realized. Mr. Lyons' hands were so badly burned that he was unable to work or several days.

MILLBURN, ILL.

The small-pox scare is over.

The parsonage is finally finished.

The church was very nicely decorated for Easter.

Another couple is soon to leave for Oklahoma, "that's what."

And there were a great many new bonnets and hats to be seen.

Richard Pantall was in Chicago on business a few days last week.

Your correspondent was in Chicago two weeks therefore no items.

Herb Mathews returned Saturday from a trip through Wisconsin.

The dancing club meets Tuesday evenings at the Masonic hall.

E. A. Martin and Roy Hughes were Chicago visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Strang have left Arizona and are now in California.

The lumber yard to be opened here by C. B. Cummings will soon be ready.

Mrs. Mathews who has been in California the past winter is soon expected home.

Rev. and Mrs. Geo. A. Mitchell returned from their wedding tour Friday evening.

Miss Maud Hughes who has been visiting in Chicago returned home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Cummings and Miss Carrie Bater were Chicago visitors last week.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lucas last week and left a fine boy.

The Ping Pong club will meet Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at Young's hall.

Edward Scoville, of Hickory, committed suicide Friday morning, no cause for it is known.

Wm. B. Stewart has been appointed administrator of the estate of the late Jane Anderson.

Mrs. Archibald Brown and son Warren, of Chicago, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth, on Thursday.

The Pilgrim Gold Mining company was organized here last week with Peter Strang as president, E. Dodge secretary and treasurer and Louis R. Dyer consulting engineer.

BRISTOL, WIS.

C. B. Williams went to Racine on Friday last.

A. A. Burgess went to Kenosha on business, last Friday.

H. B. Gaines went to Chicago on business, last week Friday and Saturday.

Miss Lula Rowbottom went to Kenosha last Friday for a few days visit with friends at that place.

Miss Gracie Ellis, who has been attending school at Madison, Wis., is spending a few days vacation with her mother.

The entertainment given in the Bristol hall last Friday evening was a success. The receipts for the evening being about \$30.

Miss Alice Stevens went to Kenosha on Thursday to attend an entertainment given by the Lawrence University Glee and Mandolin club.

The Bristol Fire company hold their annual meeting on Monday evening of this week, and officers were elected for another term, it was also voted to buy another hundred feet of hose.

GRASS LAKE.

Mrs. Wm. Allen Sr. is quite ill.

The Trieger resort has a new occupant.

Mrs. Irving Paddock gave a quilting party.

Mrs. Lewis Savage paid a visit to Grass Lake recently.

C. B. Little made a trip to the lake the first of the week.

Our teacher has the measles. Quite the fashion this spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Selzer, Sr., paid a visit to Mr. Lux and family a few days ago.

C. E. Herman has rented his hotel and will occupy the Andrew Herman cottage.

Mrs. Anna Herman has returned to her hotel for the summer, Will Freeze will work for her.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Paddock have returned from the south and report a very enjoyable trip.

The Misses Lina Belle and Henrietta Little, granddaughters of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Paddock, accompanied by a party of young people spent Sunday at Bluff Lake.

Shot in His Left Leg.

For all kinds of sores, burns, bruises, or other wounds DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a sure cure. Skin diseases yield to it at once. Never fails in cases of piles. Cooling and healing. None genuine, but DeWitt's. Beware of counterfeits. I suffered for many years from a sore caused by a gun shot wound in my left leg, says A. S. Fuller, English, Ind., it would not heal and gave me much trouble. I tried all kinds of remedies to no purpose. Finally tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes completely cured me.

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Albert T. Patrick, convicted of murder in the first degree for plotting the death of Millionaire William Marsh Rice, and awaiting sentence, and Mrs. Addie L. Francis were made husband and wife in the matrimonial rooms of the Tomb, New York.

A pitched battle occurred between two half-breed Indians, George and John Curtis, and two farmers, James Smith and William Thompson, near Mingo, in the Choctaw nation. Smith was seriously wounded and George Curtis died from his wounds.

Fire destroyed the greater part of the business section of Hoople, N. D., amounting to a loss of about \$50,000. Among the buildings destroyed were Echoberg's general store, Unanberg's general store, C. O. Vick & Co.'s machinery warehouse and Dimont & Co.'s drug store.

Western Reserve University in Cleveland dedicated for the use of its women's college a beautiful chapel. It is the gift of Mrs. S. V. Harkness of New York and L. H. Severance of Cleveland, as a memorial to Florence Harkness. It is the twelfth building which the university has dedicated within recent years.

About \$50,000 worth of sealskins were seized in Seattle, Wash., by the local United States customs officers. The capture was made aboard the schooner J. B. Ward, which arrived from Unalaska. Two hundred and twenty-six skins were consigned to local houses. They are Bering Sea product and Deputy Collector Mitten believes they were taken by pelagic sealers.

Rev. Louis Richter was deposed from the ministry and expelled from the Presbyterian Church by the Minneapolis presbytery. Mr. Richter pleaded guilty to publishing articles in the interest of the saloons and with receiving pay from the Minneapolis Brewing company. He depled, however, that there was anything in such action inconsistent with his position as a minister of the gospel.

Albert A. Donahoe was given a verdict of \$7,500 damages by a jury in the District Court at Omaha, against Mrs. Sarah C. Figg, head of the Figgie Church, for alienation of his wife's affections. The religious sect of which Mrs. Figg is the head, Donahoe alleged, had laws which prevented his wife from living under the same roof with him, and he charged that Mrs. Figg was the cause of his wife uniting herself with the Figgie Church.

NEWS NUGGETS.

Andrew Carnegie has offered a library to Louisville.

The revised official estimate of the wheat crop of New South Wales is that 1,300,000 acres will yield 14,700,000 bushels.

James B. Garfield has decided to accept the position of civil service commissioner offered him by President Roosevelt.

One hundred and fifty Turkish troops attacked a Bulgarian post near Saratich. One Bulgarian was killed and several were wounded.

University of Minnesota defeated the University of Iowa at Minneapolis on the question of United States' retention of the Philippines.

The Meteor, Emperor William's new yacht, on her trial spin, proved herself weatherly, easily handled, and in every way a success.

B. D. Mann, former editor and publisher of "The People," the well-known New York society paper, died at Phoenix, Ariz., of consumption.

Twenty-one lives were lost in mine explosion at Dayton, Tenn., which is supposed to have been caused by carelessness. Twelve bodies have been recovered.

Fire at Boston caused \$60,000 loss, ridding two upper stories of the five-story building occupied by Redding, Baird & Co., artists and workers in leaded and stained glass.

Mrs. Dora C. Halley, a handsome widow, died in New Orleans, the victim of some person who, inspired by jealousy or desire for revenge, destroyed her home with dynamite.

A report has reached London from Constantinople that Mohammed Reuchad, the Sultan's brother and his presumptive successor, is dead. The report says foul play is suspected.

A head-on collision occurred at San Patch, Md., between Baltimore and Ohio passenger train No. 6 and a freight train. Both engines were demolished. Three men were injured.

C. C. Nelson, who was brought to St. Joseph, Mo., from San Antonio, charged with bigamy, pleaded guilty to having three wives and was sentenced in the criminal court to three years in the penitentiary.

Infino, who spent \$30,000 in his efforts to incite a rebellion in the province of Celebes, show that the soldiers slaughtered 1,000 villagers. It is believed that these reports are exaggerated, but it is not doubted that there was great loss of life.

By means of a wooden key six prisoners escaped from the St. Louis workhouse after ten hours' work in breaking their shackles and opening the inner and outer doors of their cells. The escaped men, three of them still wearing chains, climbed the roof fence of the workhouse grounds and took a skiff to the Illinois side of the Mississippi.

The Turkish government has decided to call to the colors 50,000 irregular troops. This mobilization is ostensibly for the annual maneuvers, but in view of the conditions in Macedonia significance is attached to the movement.

EASTERN.

It is rumored that Senator Thomas O. Platt will marry Mrs. William Janeway of Washington.

A new Rhode Island law requires two years' residence before application can be made for a divorce.

Suits aggregating \$1,800,000 have been begun against the New York Central Road as a result of the Park avenue tunnel accident.

Mrs. Julia Birdsall, of Philadelphia, accused of embezzling \$15,000 that her dogs might have every human comfort, has been arrested in Atlanta.

The will of George L. Littlefield, of Pawtucket, R. I., leaves to Brown University in Providence a sum variously estimated at \$500,000 to \$1,000,000.

Lawyer Albert T. Patrick was convicted at New York of the murder of William Marsh Rice to secure latter's property worth millions. Sentence was deferred.

Dr. M. E. Phillips, chancellor of the Kansas Wesleyan University at Salina, has resigned to take the position of superintendent of the Y. M. O. A. department at Yale University.

Senator Hanna and J. P. Morgan held a conference in New York, as a result of which, it is said, there will be no strike of coal miners this year. Both sides are expected to make concessions.

Thirty-seven American artists have entered the competition for the construction of the proposed Grant statue or memorial to be erected in Washington, for which there is an appropriation of \$250,000.

Standing on the parapet encircling the dome of the capital at Washington, 375 feet above the level of the street, Senator Andres Diaz y Pairo of Cuba and Miss Catherine McConauche were united in marriage.

An epidemic of contagious diseases has broken out on the battleship Illinois, stationed at the Brooklyn navy yard. During the week fifteen sailors have been removed from the vessel to the contagious building at the naval hospital.

A bill appropriating \$100,000 for the erection of a monument at Buffalo in memory of President McKinley was passed by the New York State Senate. Governor Odell sent an emergency message to the Legislature urging the immediate passage of the bill.

The three alienists who have examined Miss Jane Toppin, the professional nurse charged with a number of murders by poison at Cataumet, Mass., find that she is insane and was not responsible for her acts. The next step will be to send the woman to an asylum.

Fire at Peckville, Pa., devastated the business section of the town, burning two blocks on Main street and the same distance on Depot street. The fire originated in a barn and is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. The loss will reach nearly \$100,000.

For weeks residents near the Jumbomville, Pa., Soldiers' Orphans' Home, on the crest of the Allegheny Mountains, have been terrorized by a wild man, who was captured the other day and recognized as John Baker, a well-known farmer living near Ferguson, who has been missing from home for weeks.

H. C. Copeland, president of the Riverside bank in New York, complained to the police that H. G. Bell, receiving teller of the concern, was missing and that an examination of his accounts disclosed a shortage of \$12,500. He charged him with embezzlement of that sum and asked the police to arrest him.

Washington society is exercised because of the mysterious theft of a handsome wrap belonging to Mme. Dyras, who entertained the company at a musicale given by Mrs. Roosevelt at the White House two weeks ago. In its place was left a dilapidated cloth cape, so shabby that the prima donna refused to wear it.

Her imagination inflamed by reading of the killing of Walter Brooks, Mrs. Annie Isaacs, a jealous young bride of two months, fired several harmless shots at her husband, Harry Isaacs, in New York, in revenge for what she thought were his attentions to young women. Then she killed herself by drinking carbolic acid.

WESTERN.

Ohio Senate passed the Beal local option bill, making it a law.

Fire destroyed nearly a block of the business portion of Mesa City, Arizona, causing \$250,000 loss.

The business section of Bethel, Ohio, was destroyed by fire, including the post office. The loss is \$50,000.

Congressman M. E. Benton was re-nominated at St. Louis by the fifteenth Missouri Democratic convention.

The ice has gone out of the Straits of Mackinac into Lake Michigan. Navigation is open through the straits.

Mrs. Hattie Hand and her two small children were overtaken by a prairie fire and burned to death near Andarko, Ok.

Nebraska anti-educational law was declared valid in a test case, a Lincoln firm being fined for coloring its product yellow.

Fire in Kansas City destroyed the building occupied by the National Paper Box Company, entailing a loss estimated at \$100,000.

Professor Regie Chauvenet has resigned the presidency of the Colorado State school of mines and will retire at the end of the school year.

Mayor "Golden Rule" Jones of Toledo returned from his Pacific coast trip looking injured and worn, his condition causing his friends much uneasiness.

A Rock Island passenger train struck a buggy in East Pueblo, Colo., killing Mrs. John Close and her infant son and fatally injuring Miss Ella Hines, aged 21 years.

Miss Mary Harriman, daughter of E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific Railroad, was injured at Phoenix, Ariz., by a vicious broncho on which she was riding.

Congress of Disciples of Christ at Cleveland elected as president Professor James Hall of Butler College, Indianapolis, and decided to meet next year at Des Moines.

Magnus Johnson, aged 62, a bachelor living alone near Alexandria, Minn., was murdered by persons unknown. Three bullet holes were in the head. There is no clue to the murderers.

Paul A. Meyersburg was convicted of bribery by a special jury in Judge Douglas' court in St. Louis after a trial lasting four days. His punishment was fixed at three years in the penitentiary.

Frank Huntley, a veteran of Santiago

and a member of the crew of the battleship Oregon, was killed by falling down a ladder while escorting a couple of lady visitors through the ship at Seattle, Wash.

Thomas Mahan, formerly a postal clerk and a prominent Democratic politician, was found on the road near Norwalk, Ohio, dead, with a broken neck. It is supposed that he fell from an attack of apoplexy.

The building of the Omaha Match Company, in a suburb of Omaha, was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$50,000. The factory was established about two months ago. Machinery costing \$30,000 was destroyed.

Captain Morse, chief signal officer of the Department of California, received orders from the War Department to open negotiations for the installation of a system of wireless telegraphy between army stations in Alaska.

Gov. Cummins of Iowa has announced his veto of the Moleberry bill, better known as the "merger measure." The bill removes the limit of indebtedness per mile that may be contracted by railways running through Iowa.

Work on the World's Fair at St. Louis has progressed so far that it is possible for a casual visitor to make out roughly the main features of the picture which is to be painted on the site with buildings, lagoons, trees and avenues.

The safe of the Bank of Brasile Mills, Neb., was blown open and \$1,000 in cash and \$700 in drafts stolen. There is no clue.

After making their hand the burglars stole a team from Sanford Saunders' barn and made their escape.

Senator James K. Jones, twice manager of Democratic national campaigns, and trusted friend of William J. Bryan, suffered ignominious defeat in the Arkansas Senatorial primaries, carrying only five counties out of fifty-five.

George W. Carter, age 50 years, a farmer and stock buyer, six miles south of Morrisport, Ind., placed a stick of dynamite in his mouth, touched off the fuse and literally blew his head to atoms. Carter had been in ill health for several months.

Dr. Robert E. Gray of Garden City, Kan., is not legally responsible for the death of his patient, Miss Irma Brown. The jury which tried him for murder in Judge Ball's court in Chicago so decreed when it brought in a verdict of acquittal.

At Arkansas City, Kan., the Rev. Granville Lorther formally refused to accept the proposition to cease teaching his doctrines, and the Methodist Episcopal trial committee declared him guilty of heresy. This means dismissal from the church.

Stephen G. Conkling of the grocery firm of Emery & Conkling of Emporia, Kan., shot his former wife and then killed himself. Domestic troubles caused the tragedy. Mrs. Conkling recently obtained a divorce. His efforts to win her back proved futile.

Many cattle on the Colorado plains are in a pitiable condition for want of water. Water holes in Morgan County have been fenced in by owners of small herds and other cattlemen whose stock is shut off from that water are threatening to take retaliatory measures.

Articles of incorporation were filed at Pierre, S. D., for the Federal Railway Company at Rapid City, with a capital of \$15,000,000. Incorporators: William T. Good, Charles D. Mattison and J. B. Henry, Rapid City; Joseph H. Muhle and Forrest O. Murdoch, Chicago.

Two electric cars on the Chicago and Joliet Electric Railway collided near Sag Bridge, two men being killed and several injured. A washout had made it necessary for both the north and south bound cars to run on the same track, and disregard for orders caused the collision.

Osteopaths were given official recognition in Ohio by the passage of an act of the House for a committee to examine the osteopathy and to regulate the practice of that system of curing human ills. Osteopaths are not to be permitted to practice surgery or administer drugs.

The Ohio Senate has adopted Wirt's joint resolution, granting the citizens of Columbus the right to occupy sufficient space near the Hight street entrance to the capitol grounds to erect the proposed memorial to the late President McKinley. The memorial will cost \$20,000.

The St. Louis board of equalization has unanimously adopted resolutions to tax property of all kinds at its true cash value, as the law directs. This will include the assessment of all franchise property on the same basis as real estate and personal holdings are now taxed.

A brutal assault by a negro on Mrs. Henrietta H. Miller, a gray-haired woman, 67 years old, was avenged by the killing of W. H. Wallace, a negro Pullman car porter, who was hanged to a lamppost in the public square at La Junta, Colo., and his body riddled with bullets by a mob.

Great excitement has been caused at Lawton, Ok., by the unearthing by miners in the Wichita mountains of an eighty-five-pound nugget, 83 per cent pure gold. It was found in Devil's canyon, the scene of one of the ancient mines of the Spaniards, where many crucibles have been unearthed recently.

William Hickox, a wealthy farmer near Garrettsville, Ohio, was found murdered in the woods close by his home. He had been out gathering maple sap and was shot through the head. His dog led a searching party to where the body was found covered with brush. Robbery, it is thought, was the motive of the crime.

Coroner Blott at Youngstown, Ohio, acting under instructions from Prosecuting Attorney Gibson, has stopped investigation of the wreck on the Pennsylvania lines in which four employees were killed. Prosecutor Gibson said that the object of an inquest is to ascertain whether a crime has been committed; that under the laws of Ohio negligence is not a crime.

SOUTHERN.

Mrs. Green Older was murdered at her home at Saxton, Ky., by an unknown man.

Admiral Dewey, writing from Palm Beach, Fla., reports Mrs. Dewey "as much better and on the way to complete recovery."

Vicksburg, Miss., and section have been the center of unusually heavy precipitation, the heavy rains causing much damage. Railroad tracks and bridges have been washed away. The most serious effects will be felt by the farmers, whose

freshly plowed lands are badly washed on hillsides and in creek bottoms.

Information has been received of a race riot twelve miles east of Jasper, Ala. One hundred and fifty shots are reported to have been exchanged. The trouble has been brewing for some time and the outgrowth of bitter racial feeling, which was accentuated by white men whipping two negroes on the charge of stealing.

Mrs. Lizzie Miller, a widow, was killed and her daughter, Mary, aged 10, and Carrie, aged 17, were injured, the former fatally, while on their way home at Houston, Texas. They were compelled to cross a street at a grade crossing, and in trying to escape one switching freight train walked in the way of a string of cars being pushed across the street.

A suffrage plan was finally agreed upon by the constitutional convention of Virginia, under which it is hoped the negro vote will be practically eliminated. It provides that voters shall pay a poll tax of \$1.50; shall be able to read or understand when read to them the constitution of the State; and shall be able to make application for the right to register in their own handwriting in the presence of the registrars.

FOREIGN.

Cecil Rhodes, the colossus of South Africa, died at Cape Town after a long illness.

Forty cases of cholera and thirty deaths from that disease have been reported at Madula.

Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, has started for London. Thence she will sail for America.

Gerhard Terlingen tried to commit suicide on the steamer taking him to Germany to face charges of embezzlement.

An official bulletin on the subject of cholera at Mecca and Medina admits that 1,129 deaths from that disease have occurred in the two cities.

Some American papers have announced that Prince Adalbert would shortly visit the United States on the training ship Charlotte. The report is without foundation.

General Noriel, a Filipino insurgent leader, was captured by Captain Bamford of the Twenty-eighth Infantry, and on him were found papers belonging to General Malvar.

The British government has made a contract with the London branch of a large American packing firm for 220,000 cases of canned ham to be delivered in London for the British army and for 500,000 pounds of sliced bacon. In tin cans for prompt shipment.

About 1,500 Boers under Delarey, Liebenberg, Kemp and Wolmarans were within the area of Lord Kitchener's latest movement, but though surprised by the rapidly displayed by the British troops, gaps in the latter's lines enabled most of the burghers to escape.

General Smith, who is in command of the American forces on the island of Samar, P. I., had a three-hour interview with the insurgent general Guevarra and several officers of his command. It was arranged that the latter, with the entire force under his command and all their rifles, would surrender April 15.

Reports of the result of the combined movement of British columns against Gen. Delarey have enabled Lord Kitchener to announce the capture of 485 prisoners, three fifteen-pounders, two pompoms and quantities of stock, wagons, etc. Gen. Delarey appears to have evaded Lord Kitchener's cordon successfully at the offset.

Professor Ernest Von Leyden the director of the first medical clinic of the Berlin University, lectured before the German National Committee for Cancer Research, whose president he is. Professor Leyden said that after a thorough examination he came to the conclusion that cancer is a contagious disease caused by a bacillus, which he thinks he has found at last.

The Pekin correspondent of the London Times cables that Paul Lessar, the Russian minister to China, and Prince Ching, president of the Chinese foreign office, have agreed upon the main conditions of the Manchurian convention and that the early signing of the agreement is expected. The evacuation of three provinces is to be carried out in three successive periods of six months.

IN GENERAL.

President Roosevelt has received a mountain lion for a family pet from a Colorado admirer.

The Illinois Central road will be double tracked from Chicago to New Orleans within two years. A large part of the line is already thus equipped.

President Roosevelt transmitted a special message to Congress, outlining plan for Cuba and urges prompt legislation for consular and diplomatic representation.

Senator Hanna has written to a Wisconsin man stating he is in no sense a candidate for the Presidency and asked his friends to discourage any movement for him.

The traffic arrangement existing for twenty years between the United States and Pacific Express Companies has been terminated and each will hereafter act independently.

Commissioner of Pensions Evans has placed his resignation into the hands of the President. It will not take effect before an important position in the diplomatic service is found for him.

More than one hundred experienced sugar beet growers will leave the Province of Zealand, Holland, for the United States, seeking fortunes in the West, where they will engage in raising sugar beets.

Charles Hawtrey, the actor, who arrived at Southampton on the St. Louis, met with a painful accident. While walking on the deck the vessel gave a lurch, and he was thrown down and sprained his ankle.

A disastrous fire started in Steinhilshof, opposite Dawson, Alaska. The slough is used by Yukon River boats for winter quarters. Of the steamers and barges there when the fire started the Glenora and Mona, the property of J. B. Genelle of Vancouver, B. C., have been consumed. The loss is \$37,000.

Storm caused loss of life and great property loss in Ohio Valley, the South and parts of the Northwest. Over two scores persons were injured in Pittsburgh in panic in church partly wrecked by wind. Floods caused by a rainfall that continued for twenty-four hours resulted in property damage amounting to \$5,000,000 and the loss of several lives in middle and eastern Tennessee.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

NEW YORK.

"Evidence of further improvement are numerous. Labor controversies are less threatening, many settlements having been effected, while others are momentarily anticipated; wages have been advanced, not only through strikes, but in some cases voluntarily; traffic congestion has subsided until it is possible to deliver goods according to specifications; aside from some little footwear shops, the leading lines of manufacture are very fully engaged, while jobbing trade is of exceptional magnitude; retail dealings are also very large, the Easter stimulus being felt in all lines of wearing apparel. With domestic demand so vigorous, it is especially encouraging to notice a gain for the last week in foreign trade at the principal ports." Thus declares It. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, and

"Pressure for iron and steel has not diminished there perceptibly, yet the impression is growing that after July 1 the situation will become approximately normal, and it will be possible to secure deliveries with some degree of promptness. This is the more probable, as there has been a further softening of quotations and additional importations, which would have been much larger but for the advance in foreign markets.

"For some time to come it is probable that foreign commerce exhibits as to this industry will be less satisfactory, but it is worthy of note that imports are mainly of pig iron, billets and sheets, while the exports of many lines of expensive machinery and other finished products are fully sustained. Large contracts are constantly under consideration for structural material on domestic account, including railway bridges, viaducts, carshops and office buildings. In this respect the domestic construction this year will far surpass all records. Open weather has brought out a heavy tonnage of merchant pipe.

Wheat sold to a new low point during the week. Grain over the Southwest increased the favorable outlook for winter wheat and liquidation, which had been temporarily checked, again became general. Not everything was bearish. There were some statistical changes and a number of minor items that ordinarily would have had steadying effect, but whatever favorable sentiment arose from continued light receipts at all primary points from decreasing visible supplies and from the fact that wheat has declined 13 cents from the extremely high point of the crop, was more than offset by the good reports of the growing crop. This is the time of year when severe declines in wheat are most to be expected. With the winter wheat growing nicely and spring wheat getting about to begin, the outlook at this time is certainly very favorable for a heavy wheat crop this year. The grain traders are quick to anticipate. They are now discounting the favorable prospect. At such times sentiment changes about more quickly than ordinarily, and the natural instability of the market is intensified.

Spring jobbing trade continues active. A less pressing demand is noted for dry goods, and there is a subsidence of the rush to have orders filled in some lines, yet new business is large. Wool is firmer, and cotton prices are stationary. The building activity increases the strength in lumber. Flour demands improved and more business was done for foreign account.

The agricultural implement manufacturers are an important element in the farm market at this time. Nearly 200,000 tons of steel bars have been taken by them within a short period, and the fact that in some instances enough was bought to cover requirements for fifteen months, is a striking illustration of their faith in the continuance of good business well into 1903.

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